Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by:

City of Hurst, Texas Finance Department



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March 8, 2021

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Hurst Hurst, Texas

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Hurst, Texas (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 is attached. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included in the report.

This document is organized as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement #34 (GASB 34). Accounting standards require the inclusion of a narrative introduction and an overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, which is located immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The CAFR is presented in three parts comprised of the Introductory, Financial, and Statistical sections. The Introduction includes the transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials. The Financial section includes the independent auditor's report, MD&A, basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and combining statements and individual fund schedules. The Statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. In the future, the City will implement and incorporate new GASB pronouncements in the financial statements and notes according to their effective dates.

REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Hurst is located in north central Texas, in northeast Tarrant County, approximately nine miles from downtown Fort Worth and eighteen miles from downtown Dallas on SH-121, Airport Freeway (also known as the North Tarrant Express). Hurst's centralized location provides quick access to both Dallas and Fort Worth metropolitan areas and is fifteen minutes away from one of the World's busiest airports, D/FW International. The City has a total land area of 10 square miles and is 97% developed.

Voters adopted the City of Hurst Home Rule Charter on December 29, 1956. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government with the City Council consisting of a Mayor and six Council members elected at-large. Henry Wilson, a long-tenured Council Member, was elected Mayor in 2018. Four of the six at-large Council members are newly elected since 2018 and they have provided a fresh perspective to the Council's deliberations. The Council is very supportive of staff, and they are open to receiving input from the public through surveys, town hall meetings and public hearings. The City's management team, in tum, executes the Council's policy directives to achieve their strategic vision. In 2013, Hurst's Council was named the Council of the Year by the Texas City Management Association. The values and professionalism that helped Council earn the award in 2013 are consistently practiced by the current-day City Council.

The City provides a full range of services, including public safety (police, fire, emergency medical services, and animal services), public works (engineering, streets/drainage, and water/sewer), planning and community development (planning, building inspections, code enforcement, and neighborhood services), community services (parks, recreation, library, aquatics, and senior center), conference center, and other general administrative services. The Hurst-Euless-Bedford, Birdville, and Grapevine-Colleyville Independent School Districts provide elementary and secondary education services within the City. The Tarrant County College Northeast Campus is also located within city limits.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

In many ways, 2020 was a year like no other. A global pandemic impacted the world's economy, and calls for social justice reforms were sparked by several highly publicized incidents. The City of Hurst was not immune to the economic impact of the Covid-19 virus. However, our fiscal condition was stabilized by rising property values, decisive actions taken by Council and the City's management team, and long-established conservative fiscal management policies, including a budgeted sales tax contingency. In addition, the City received supplemental financial support from Tarrant County through the federal government's Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. To ensure the health and safety of the public, the City modified service delivery where necessary and cancelled certain activities, such as the aquatics season, in accordance with guidance from federal, state and county health authorities.

Property taxes are a primary revenue source for General Fund operations, representing approximately 42% of total General Fund revenues in Fiscal Year 2019-2020. Appraised values increased 10% in Tax Year 2019, reflecting continued strength in the housing market. Accordingly, we budgeted a 10% increase in property tax revenues in fiscal year 2019-2020, holding the Maintenance & Operations component of our tax rate essentially flat. Although we did increase the debt service component of our tax rate by one penny in Fiscal Year 2019-2020 to satisfy voter-approved debt issued for a new animal services and adoption center, the City has refinanced outstanding debt in six out of the last ten fiscal years. In fiscal year 2020-2021, the City will implement Senate Bill 2, which places a 3.5% cap on property tax revenue growth, excluding new construction. Additionally, we believe the state legislature plans to introduce legislation that will require cities to maintain funding for public safety departments. Going forward, the City will monitor the financial impacts of this bill and other matters, such as the lingering effects of the Covid-19 virus, and we will incorporate both optimistic and worst-case property value projections in our strategic planning process.

Sales taxes are also a key revenue source for General Fund operations, representing approximately 28% of total General Fund revenues in Fiscal Year 2019-2020. The North East Mall and other quality shopping centers throughout the City have established Hurst as a major retail destination in Tarrant County, and the City is committed to pursuing economic development opportunities to sustain and enhance our sales tax base. In addition to the 1% General Fund sales tax, the City assesses a half percent (half-cent) sales tax for crime control and prevention purposes, and a half percent (half-cent) sales tax for Community Services projects. Sales taxes decreased by 4.6% in fiscal year 2019-2020, the most challenging year since the 7.4% decrease of the great recession in fiscal year 2008-2009. Although sales taxes have decreased 5.7% in the first four months of fiscal year 2020-2021, the rollout of Covid-19 vaccines and pent-up consumer demand offer the potential for increased sales tax revenues over the coming months. However, because sales taxes can be volatile, our budget is set at an amount equal to prior year returns minus a budgeted contingency, usually between \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. In fiscal year 2019-2020, sales tax revenues for the General Fund were \$990,000 above the low seen in fiscal year 2009-2010 during the Great Recession and \$796,000 over budget. The benefits of this conservative approach are reflected in the strength of the included financial statements and the City's bond ratings.

General Fund revenues, other than property and sales taxes, were also negatively impacted by the Covid-19 virus, falling by \$2.8 million, or 18.8% in Fiscal Year 2019-2020. Among the hardest hit areas were Community Services fees, down by \$806,000, franchise fees, down by \$267,000, and inspection fees, down by \$249,000. As aforementioned, losses in user fees were largely offset by the suspension of select programs. Telephone and Cable Franchise Fees were also impacted by the recent passage of Senate Bill 1152, which allows telecom providers who offer both phone and cable service to only pay the higher of the two associated franchise fees to the City.

Over the past several years, as part of its "Transforming Hurst" redevelopment initiative, the City has constructed a new fire station, senior center, and conference center. The City also completely remodeled its Justice Center and two Aquatics Centers, and is currently building a new animal services and adoption center and dog park. Further, in 2016-2017, the City drafted a Redevelopment Plan that identified thirteen areas across the City to consider for development/redevelopment in the coming years. These initiatives have spurred surrounding private sector development, including the opening of two new hotels, Hilton Garden Inn and Candlewood Suites, and The Provision at North Valentine apartment community. Two additional apartment communities are under development, including one aimed at the City's growing Senior population. Overall, the City welcomed 127 new businesses to town in 2019-2020, including national retailers Hobby Lobby and Tuesday Morning, and restaurants Pho One and Egg Haven Café. Citywide, retail space was 94.6% occupied. The North East Mall has been impacted by the Covid-19 virus as well as other factors, such as new shopping options available in surrounding cities. The City is working with the owners of the North East Mall, Simon Property Group, to ensure that it remains an integral part of our community going forward.

The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2020-2021 decreased by 3.1% over the previous year's adopted budget. The City's Executive team was initially instructed to cut their budgets by 5%. However, in Fiscal Year 2019-2020, sales taxes did not decline as much as anticipated and the City received supplemental CARES Act funds from the Federal Government through Tarrant County. Therefore, the Council approved a 3.1% cut to the Fiscal Year 2020-2021 budget. The General Fund budget for fiscal year 2020-2021 is balanced through increased property tax revenues and the use of \$150,000 in reserves and takes into consideration both Covid and non-Covid related revenue challenges, including declining sales tax revenues, declining municipal court revenues and the impacts of state mandates.

The City has developed a proactive, multi-level Fiscal Management Plan that has been utilized during times of financial instability, such as the Great Recession and the current Covid-19 Pandemic. The City Manager and Fiscal Services' staff monitor revenues/expenditures daily and take appropriate actions as economic conditions change. This conservative and proactive approach provides financial stability and allows the City to maintain quality services and programs.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

FISCAL YEAR 2019-2020 - During the past fiscal year, the City of Hurst implemented and completed several major projects and programs. Departmental missions and programs are highlighted as follows:

The Legislative and Judicial Services Department includes the Legislative, Public Information and Judicial Divisions. In 2019-2020, the Legislative Division worked to effectively represent the residents of Hurst and improve the quality of life throughout the City. The Public Information Division administers elections, prepares agendas for and minutes of City Council meetings, and oversees public records. In 2019-2020, the Public Information Division administered the City's general and special elections, completed a legal review and updated the City's electronic code of ordinances, and managed the board, commission and committee appointment process. The Judicial Division provides just and impartial disposition of all cases filed in the Hurst Municipal Court. In 2019-2020, the Judicial Division continued its efforts to improve operational effectiveness and efficiency, including establishing a new undue hardship program, updating its policies and procedures manual and implementing online customer service initiatives.

The Administration Department effectively executes City Council policies, programs and directives, conducts City operations in an efficient and effective manner and responds promptly to citizen inquiries and requests. In 2019-2020, Administration managed the operational and budget impacts of the Covid-19 virus, and enhanced its communications with the public, City Council and staff by implementing virtual Council meetings allowing citizens to continue to participate during the pandemic, and producing an annual budget video.

The Economic Development Division seeks to expand the local economy by retaining existing businesses and attracting new businesses to Hurst. As evidence of their efforts, in 2019-2020 the Sprouts Crossing shopping center redevelopment and the JCPenney remodel were completed, three national retailers leased retail space at the Pipeline Village shopping center following the Toys "R" Us closure, and nine new restaurants opened. Also, Economic Development informed local businesses impacted by the Covid-19 virus about federal stimulus funding opportunities.

The Hurst Conference Center (https://hurstcc.com/), which opened in September 2010, is a state of the art facility with over 50,000 square feet of event space. The Conference Center offers technologically advanced audio/visual services and exceptional on-site catering and is an ideal location for meetings, trade shows and events welcoming up to 900 guests. In addition, a new 140-room hotel that connects to the Conference Center, Hilton Garden Inn, opened in the summer of 2018. Although bookings at the Conference Center were significantly impacted by the Covid-19 virus, staff mitigated the financial impacts by lowering operational expenses, implementing janitorial and food safety protocols to help keep staff and guests safe, and promoting unique offerings such as Mother's Day dinners-to-go and an outdoor movie series.

The Public Works Department provides quality services to citizens through water, wastewater, drainage and traffic systems, while maintaining a safe and efficient working environment. In 2019-2020, the Engineering Division oversaw the ongoing Pipeline Road expansion project, completed construction of the 44th year Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) project on Sheri Lane, began design of the 46th year CDBG project on Livingston Drive, and reviewed numerous private development projects. To maintain the City's 148 miles of paved concrete and asphalt streets, the Streets/Drainage Division overlaid 4.4 lane miles of road surface and crack sealed 17.1 lane miles of road surface. To maintain the City's 207 miles of water mains and related distribution infrastructure, the Water Division replaced SCADA System equipment to ensure accurate communications with the City's pump stations,

elevated storage facilities and the City of Fort Worth supply vaults. The Water Division also cleaned and inspected one ground and two elevated storage tanks. As a result of its efforts, the City continues to be recognized by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as a "Superior Public Water System." To maintain the City's 155 miles of sanitary sewer lines, the Wastewater Division managed the City's Sanitary Sewer Overflow Initiative program by cleaning 57 miles of sewer main, root treating 3.3 miles of sewer main, and completing 15 main repairs.

The Fiscal Services Department provides fiscally responsible control and guidance over all financial matters of the City. In 2019-2020, the City maintained its strong credit ratings and managed a private placement debt issuance of \$575,000 for a new fire engine. Fiscal Services received its forty-sixth Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Award and its thirty-second consecutive Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association.

The Utility Billing Division manages billing/collections for water, wastewater, sanitation and recycling services offered by the City. Staff reads over 12,000 meters each month. In 2019-2020, Utility Billing implemented temporary polices to suspend late fees and disconnects for delinquent accounts, offered payment plans to help customers bring their accounts current, began offering online service applications, and adapted to changing customer service needs associated with the pandemic.

The Information Technology Division maintains the City's technology infrastructure, and in 2019-2020, they continued the Building Inspections/Planning software conversion, upgraded the City's Active Directory Infrastructure, upgraded all desktop computers to Windows 10, and implemented state mandated cybersecurity training.

The Planning and Community Development Division coordinates the review of zoning, site plan and plat proposals, and is responsible for Code Enforcement activities. In 2019-2020, the Division reviewed/approved a new 90-unit apartment community in Southeast Hurst, initiated the City's Property Pride Award program to acknowledge outstanding property maintenance, and, prior to the pandemic, coordinated a bigger National Night Out Event to enhance relations between Hurst residents and law enforcement.

The Equipment Services Division supports all City Departments by maintaining, repairing and replacing City equipment. Equipment Services is responsible for 276 pieces of equipment, and in 2019-2020, they performed preventive maintenance on 550 pieces of equipment and completed 1,400 equipment repairs.

The Human Resources Department partners with management and staff to serve all employees with excellence in such areas as employee relations, strategic planning, policy administration, and pay and benefits administration. In 2019-2020, Human Resources administered the City's compensation and benefit plans, including the bi-weekly payroll, and enhanced the features of the mobile app used for time and attendance reporting. Additionally, Human Resources continues its strategic efforts to manage our self-insurance fund for health care, including researching and evaluating plan design changes to modernize our health care offerings. Human Resources was particularly active during the pandemic as they worked to implement pandemic related policies, manage leaves of absences, furloughs, lay-offs, and supporting departments that changed various employees' job duties to help respond to and mitigate the effects of the pandemic.

The Police Department is dedicated to providing exceptional service to its citizens and employees through a problem solving approach emphasizing a commitment to "Excellence through Teamwork." The Department's budget is supplemented by a .5% (half-cent) anti-crime sales tax that generated approximately \$4.9 million in 2019-2020. In 2019-2020, the Police Department expanded the multi-agency Victim Assistance Program by adding a second grant funded Victim Assistance Coordinator, and fully transitioned to the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS), which is used for collecting and reporting data on crimes. The Police Department also responded to various social justice calls by highlighting our departments commitment to community based policing and high standards for our officers including formal education requirements and mental health training.

The Fire Department is committed to excellence through ongoing training and provides aggressive fire prevention, professional fire protection, rescue, emergency medical service, hazardous material response and emergency management. In 2019-2020, while Covid-19 preparedness and response was the major focus for much of the year, Fire also responded to approximately 1,929 fire related calls, approximately 3,030 EMS related calls, and completed approximately 800 fire inspections. The Fire Department also continued its annual ambulance subscription service for Hurst families that covers EMS costs not covered by insurance, and it continued to participate in the Northeast Fire Department Association, which was created to combine/share the resources of local participating fire departments.

The Community Services Department offers recreational and educational opportunities to residents and non-residents alike at the City's 23 parks, 2 recently remodeled aquatics centers, a senior center, recreation center and library. The Community Services Budget is supplemented by a .5% (half-cent) sales tax that generated approximately \$5.1 million in 2019-2020. In 2019-2020, Covid-19 significantly impacted Community Services. The Aquatics season and special events such as the Hurst Stars & Stripes Fourth of July celebration were cancelled, the Senior Center was closed, and other facilities modified their operations to ensure the safety of their patrons. Despite these set-backs in 2019-2020, Community Services oversaw the design and start of construction of the new animal services and adoption center, the design of the new dog park, and the completion of the City Hall roof replacement. In 2019-2020, Community Services also transitioned its Tennis Center operations to a one hundred percent cost recovery model.

FISCAL YEAR 2020-2021 – The following section highlights a few of the initiatives planned for next fiscal year:

- At the close of the calendar year 2020, Tarrant County asked for the support from the City to allow the Hurst Conference Center to operate as a mass vaccination site. Initially, the County has committed to provide operational funding for Conference Center through the end of April 2021; however, there are discussions about extending the time commitment beyond April 2021. Staff is committed to the County's vaccination efforts and supportive of the operations. Particularly, the Fire Chief, Human Resources Director, and the City Manager's Office are heavily invested in managing the operations of the site in concert with Tarrant County Public Health staff.
- Economic Development will work with local businesses on re-opening post pandemic, work with landlords, real estate developers and retailers to backfill vacated retail space, and continue working with Simon Property Group on determining the highest and best use for the North East Mall.
- The Hurst Conference Center will develop alternative events, including hybrid events that offer options for in-person or virtual attendance, and continue to enhance its sanitizing procedures.
- Engineering will begin construction of its 46th Year Community Development Block Grant project, and continue its work on the Pipeline Road expansion project. Additionally, Engineering is working on plans for targeted improvements to roadways and storm drainage infrastructure eligible for funding through our 2019 Streets and Drainage CO.
- Finance will monitor the city-wide financial impacts of the Covid-19 virus, debt refunding opportunities and the need for new debt issuance, and new accounting standards.
- Information Technology will oversee the upgrade of the City's financial system and virtual server infrastructure, and continually assess cyber-security threats and the adequacy of the City's defenses against them.
- Planning and Community Development will implement the enhanced services and features of its new permitting and code enforcement software, and publish a new interactive zoning tool that will allow users to better understand allowable land uses and the related regulations.
- Human Resources will offer quarterly training to supervisors, and implement changes to the City's wellness program.
- Police will continue to provide excellent and responsive services, and create strategies that address financial challenges.
- Fire will continue to evaluate its firefighter health and safety programs, and look for expanded training opportunities.
- Community Services will implement the recommendations of the Cost Recovery Study, including adjusting Recreation, Aquatics and Senior Center fees. Community Services will also be involved with the ongoing construction of the new Animal Services and Adoption Center and the City's first dog park.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to insure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to insure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control system should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City remains committed to leadership and cultural management programs that promote ethical and professional behavior. The City's executive management team and City Council are fully committed to The Hurst Way.

The City maintains budgetary controls, including an encumbrance accounting system, to insure that actual expenditures do not exceed budgeted (appropriated) amounts. These budgetary controls are established at the fund level.

To assist with ongoing oversight, key members of the City Manager's Office and Fiscal Services meet monthly to review the City's financial statements. The City has also engaged an outside consultant who employs various techniques, including data analysis, to identify potential control weaknesses.

To insure that the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the City Council engaged BKD CPAs and Advisors to conduct an independent audit of our financial statements for the fiscal year ending 9/30/2020.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hurst for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the 46th year that the government has achieved this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

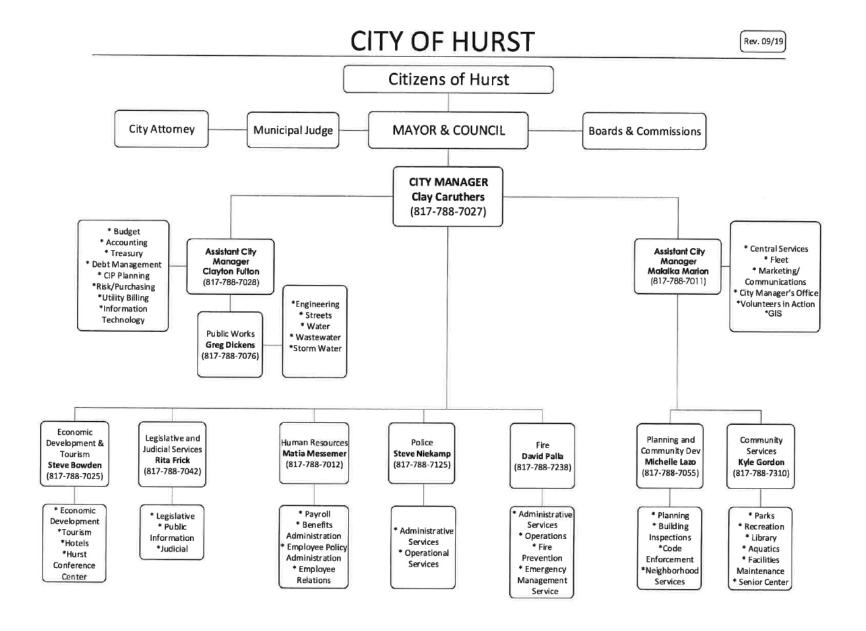
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Fiscal Services Department staff. Appreciation is expressed to all members of the department who contributed to its preparation. I would like to especially thank Paul Brown, Managing Director of Finance, for overseeing the year-end audit process. The Mayor and members of the City Council are thanked for their strong leadership and support, especially during these challenging times, in planning and providing the resources necessary to conduct the financial operation of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Lauther

Clay Caruthers





CITY OF HURST LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2020

CITY COUNCIL

Henry Wilson Jon McKenzie David Booe

Cathy Thompson Gary Waldron Larry Kitchens Cindy Shepard Mayor Pro Tem Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember

Councilmember

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Clay Caruthers

Clayton Fulton Malaika Farmer David Palla

Steve Niekamp Rita Frick

Gregory Dickens

Steve Bowden

Matia Messemer Michele Lazo Kyle Gordon Paul Brown City Manager Assistant City Manager

Assistant City Manager
Fire Chief

Police Chief

City Secretary

Executive Director Public Works

Executive Director Economic Development Executive Director of Human Resources

Executive Director Planning & Community Development
Executive Director of Community Services

Managing Director Finance

Matthew Boyle

City Attorney

BKD CPAs & Advisors

Auditors





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hurst Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager City of Hurst, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hurst, Texas (City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information, pension and other postemployment information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and individual fund schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager Page 3

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The 2020 financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019, from which such summarized information was derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated March 8, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD,LLP

Dallas, Texas March 8, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of City of Hurst's (City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read this in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of resources for the City of Hurst exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, by \$188,887,413. Of this amount, \$18,043,781 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The City's net position increased \$1,706,111, an increase of .91%. The net position of business-type activities increased by \$921,736 or 1.75%, primarily due to operating revenues exceeding operating expenses. Net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$784,375 or .58%. Growth in property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, specifically CARES Act proceeds received from Tarrant County, positively impacted net position. However, the City's net position was negatively impacted by Covid-19, including decreased sales, hotel/motel, and mixed beverage taxes, interest earnings, and charges for services, especially for Community Services activities. Further, changes in state law led to the termination of our traffic signal safety (red light camera) program, and the reduction of cable/telecomm franchise fee revenues.

The City's business-type activities are made up of water and sewer delivery, storm water management and Hurst Conference Center (HCC) operations. The Water and Sewer Fund ended the year with an operating income of \$1,436,805 and after transfers and contributions achieved an ending increase in net position of \$1,730,390. The Storm Water Management Fund provides for annual infrastructure maintenance and continues to accumulate reserves for large-scale projects identified in the City's Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). The Storm Water Management Fund contributed \$344,659 to the change in net position of business-type activities. HCC experienced a net decrease in net position of \$346,883. The City's objective is for the HCC to remain around "break-even" operationally with economic development sales tax and hotel/motel occupancy tax supporting the center's debt. However, the primary business activity for the HCC is special events and meetings which were severely limited by executive orders from the Governor and the County Judge in FY20 due to Covid-19. Therefore, we focused on retaining key personnel essential to the HCC's success during FY 20 and will continue that focus into FY 21. Recently, Tarrant County chose the HCC as a Covid-19 vaccination hub, which should help supplement the HCC's revenue until the limitations on gatherings and events are lifted. Going forward, as operations return to normal, the City will strategically reinvest net operating proceeds back into the facility to ensure that it remains a vibrant component of the Hurst Town Center.

Total cost of all of the City's programs was \$73,853,923 in 2020 compared to \$81,011,692 in 2019.

During the year, the City had governmental program expenses of \$49,374,995, which is less than program and general revenues, contributions and transfers of \$50,159,370. To mitigate the impact of lost revenues caused by Covid-19, the City reduced expenditures by freezing all non-essential capital projects and vacant positions, and by suspending major community services activities, including our two aquatics centers.

The business-type activities had program expenses of \$24,478,928, which were covered by operating revenues, contributions and transfers of \$25,400,664. Much like the general government activities, the business-type activities also froze non-essential capital projects and vacant positions. Additionally, water revenues recovered from the prior year to help support the strong financial performance of the business-type activities. With households being quarantined, isolated, or under stay at home orders, we saw a corresponding increase in utility usage and revenue.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 through 14) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most financially significant funds.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 13. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows, what the citizens own, and liabilities and deferred inflows, what the citizens owe, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of its *financial health*. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's tax base, and the condition of the City's capital assets (roads, buildings and water and sewer lines) to assess the *overall health* of the City.

For the governmental funds, fund balance increased by \$732,750. Revenues increased by \$218,838 while expenditures increased by \$308,004 and other financing sources and uses decreased by \$7,791,643. Other financing sources was inflated in FY19 due to \$7.2 million in voter approved general obligation debt that was issued for a new animal shelter, and \$2 million in certificates of obligation that was issued for street and drainage improvements. Capital expenditures increased by \$1,943,488 in FY20 and included projects such as a new animal shelter, pipeline road widening, a new fire engine, and Valley View Branch concrete channel liner repairs.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>: most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, municipal court, street maintenance, parks and recreation, financial services and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, charges for services, and fines/forfeitures finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type Activities</u>: the City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer system, storm water management activities, and conference center operations are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements)

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 15. The governmental funds financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage activity for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain revenues. Understanding a fund's origin and purpose is essential for the appropriate presentation of fund balance per GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions*.

The City's two primary types of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations following the fund financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: When the City charges customers for the full cost of the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The City's enterprise funds (a component of business-type funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements (except for any proration of net income or loss from internal service funds) but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$188,887,413, as of September 30, 2020.

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 75,795,258 156,060,131	\$ 74,226,050 158,335,981	\$ 22,883,333 48,314,737	\$ 22,568,254 48,850,357	\$ 98,678,591 204,374,868	\$ 96,794,304 207,186,338		
Total assets	231,855,389	232,562,031	71,198,070	71,418,611	303,053,459	303,980,642		
Deferred outflows								
of resources	5,791,532	12,551,165	1,275,913	2,424,978	7,067,445	14,976,143		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	83,041,126 10,976,113	97,663,812 11,264,283	12,998,469 5,331,596	16,476,771 5,510,972	96,039,595 16,307,708	114,140,583		
Total liabilities	94,017,238	108,928,095	18,330,065	21,987,743	112,347,303	16,775,255 130,915,838		
Deferred inflows of resources	7,373,012	712,805	1,513,176	146,840	8,886,188	859,645		
Net position Net investment in								
Capital assets	109,339,694	111,980,392	42,263,651	41,683,200	151,603,345	153,663,592		
Restricted	19,240,287	15,961,153	-	-	19,240,287	15,961,153		
Unrestricted	7,676,690	7,530,751	10,367,091	10,025,806	18,043,781	17,556,557		
Total net position	\$ 136,256,671	\$ 135,472,296	\$ 52,630,742	\$ 51,709,006	\$ 188,887,413	\$ 187,181,302		

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues							
General Revenue							
Sales Taxes	\$ 19,777,236	\$ 20,661,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,777,236	\$ 20,661,292	
Franchise Taxes	2,669,328	2,935,945	Φ -	φ -	2,669,328	2,935,945	
Property Taxes	18,389,781	16,292,473	-	-	18,389,781	16,292,473	
Occupancy Taxes	660,845	905,677	-	-	660,845	905,677	
Investment earnings			346,862	509,870	1,507,135	2,048,919	
2	1,160,273	1,539,049	340,802	309,870	, ,		
Miscellaneous	692,722	1,189,108	-	-	692,722	1,189,108	
Program revenue							
Charges for service	3,438,987	5,106,058	24,687,038	25,636,727	28,126,025	30,742,785	
Operating grants and							
contributions	3,270,198	1,504,425	-	-	3,270,198	1,504,425	
Capital grants and							
contributions		116,567	466,764	629,288	466,764	745,855	
Total revenues	50,059,370	50,250,594	25,500,664	26,775,885	75,560,034	77,026,479	
Program Expenses Including							
Indirect Expenses							
General government	6,919,302	8,148,665	-	-	6,919,302	8,148,665	
Public safety	25,752,945	27,277,634	_	_	25,752,945	27,277,634	
Culture and recreation	10,637,396	12,386,690	-	_	10,637,396	12,386,690	
Public works	4,929,958	5,085,774	-	-	4,929,958	5,085,774	
Interest on debt	1,135,394	1,711,724	-	-	1,135,394	1,711,724	
Water and sewer	· · ·	· · · · ·	21,415,506	21,842,377	21,415,506	21,842,377	
Stormwater management	_	_	911,776	950,588	911,776	950,588	
Conference and meeting center			2,151,646	3,608,240	2,151,646	3,608,240	
Total expenses	49,374,995	54,610,487	24,478,928	26,401,205	73,853,923	81,011,692	
Excess (Deficit)							
Before Transfers	684,375	(4,359,893)	1,021,736	374,680	1,706,111	(3,985,213)	
Transfers	100,000	238,344	(100,000)	(238,344)			
Change in Net Position	784,375	(4,121,549)	921,736	136,336	1,706,111	(3,985,213)	
Net Position Beginning	135,472,296	139,593,845	51,709,006	51,572,670	187,181,302	191,166,515	
Net Position Ending	\$ 136,256,671	\$ 135,472,296	\$ 52,630,742	\$ 51,709,006	\$ 188,887,413	\$ 187,181,302	

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased, equaling \$136,256,671 at September 30, 2020 compared to \$135,472,296 at September 30, 2019.

For the net position of the City's Governmental Activities, Net Investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position increased by a combined \$638,436, while Unrestricted net position increased by \$145,939. Unrestricted net position can be used to finance the day-to-day operations of the City, while the use of restricted net position is constrained by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements. Restricted net position is primarily used for public safety, community development, tourism, transit activities, capital projects, and debt service.

The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$921,463 or 1.8% in 2020 to \$52,630,469 compared to \$51,709,006 in 2019. Operating income of \$1,021,736 occurred before transfers and contributions. Water and sewer rates were increased by 2% for fiscal year 2019-2020. Water and sewer activity income is heavily influenced by weather patterns. Overall, the Water & Sewer Fund remains fiscally sound.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenue, capital projects/special projects and debt service revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to the prior year.

Revenues	FY2020 Amount	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) from FY2019	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$ 41,497,190	83.32%	\$ 699,747	1.72%
Licenses and permits	811,270	1.63%	(279,815)	-25.65%
Intergovernmental	3,270,198	6.57%	1,765,773	76.14%
Charges for services	1,454,708	2.92%	(864,340)	-57.68%
Fines and forfeitures	1,173,009	2.36%	(325,567)	-21.64%
Interest	975,831	1.96%	(314,659)	-24.38%
Miscellaneous	619,891	1.24%	(462,077)	-42.71%
Total revenues	\$ 49,802,097	100.00%	\$ 219,062	

As stated previously, Cares Act proceeds received from Tarrant County and rising property tax revenues helped to offset the negative financial impacts of Covid-19 on the City's operations. Actions taken to slow the spread of Covid-19 at the federal, state and local levels had a widespread impact on the City's operating revenues, especially our community services, inspections and municipal court divisions. Other general sources of revenue such as sales taxes, interest earnings, and hotel/motel taxes were also negatively impacted by the economic slowdown. State mandates, including the termination of our red-light camera program and the reduction of cable/telecom franchise fees, also reduced FY20 revenues.

Expenditures	FY2020 Amount		Percent of Total	(E	Increase Decrease) om FY2019	Percent Increase (Decrease)
General government	\$	4,722,080	9.56%	\$	342,047	7.81%
Public safety		23,035,269	46.64%		(4,242,365)	3.25%
Culture and recreation		8,100,441	16.40%		(1,793,515)	-18.13%
Public works		2,371,726	4.80%		54,002	2.33%
Capital outlay		5,706,338	11.55%		1,943,488	51.65%
Debt service						
Principal		3,400,000	6.88%		335,000	10.93%
Interest and fees		2,055,757	4.16%		200,153	10.79%
Total expenditures	\$	49,391,611	100.00%	\$	(3,161,190)	

Capital Outlay and public works maintenance amounts fluctuate each year according to construction schedules and asset replacement programs.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4,164,051. As a result, \$2,922,933 of this excess was transferred to the Special Projects Fund for emergency reserves, human resource investment. An additional \$252,512 of this excess was transferred to the Loss Reserve fund to offset health care costs. Following close of the fiscal year, the spendable, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,584,839 compared to \$9,702,437 at the year ended September 30, 2019. Staff monitors fund balance to ensure that ninety days of operations are always in reserve.

The fund balance in the Half Cent Development Corporation (HCDC) Special Revenue Fund increased by \$775,325 in 2020 after increasing \$31,411 in 2019. Per executive action to address the financial impacts of Covid-19, the City reduced the indirect transfer to the general fund, personnel costs I the aquatics and library division, and capital expenditures in FY20. These actions helped offset the decline in sales tax revenue. The Fund Balance in the Anti-Crime Special Revenue Fund increased by \$788,626, after increasing \$47,717 last year. Again, to address Covid-19 and to help offset the decline in sales tax revenue, the City reduced the indirect transfer to the General Fund, and salary training cost.

The fund balance in the Special Projects Fund increased by \$2,263,503 in FY20. To address the financial uncertainties brought on by Covid-19, the City cut/froze capital and indirect project expenditures in FY20. Retirement payouts of vacation and sick leave declined in FY20, which also positively impacted the ending fund balance. Special Projects' ending fund balance is assigned for projects approved by City Council and Management.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The significant differences between the final budget compared to actual results are related to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. As stated previously, Cares Act proceeds received from Tarrant County and rising property tax revenues helped to offset the negative financial impacts of Covid-19 on the City's operations. Actions taken to slow the spread of Covid-19 at the federal, state and local levels had a widespread impact on the City's operating revenues, especially our community services, inspections and municipal court divisions. Other general sources of revenue such as sales taxes, interest earnings, and hotel/motel taxes were also negatively impacted by the economic slowdown.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: At September 30, 2020, the City had \$204,384,594 invested in capital assets including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, water, sewer and storm-water facilities. (See table below.) This represents a net decrease of \$2,801,744, or 1.4%, from last year. The decrease is primarily due to depreciation expense out pacing fixed asset and CIP additions in 2020.

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2019			
Land	\$ 59,579,846	\$ 59,407,854	\$ 564,612	\$ 564,612	\$ 60,144,458	\$ 59,972,466			
Buildings	49,798,538	51,843,986	46,060,321	44,063,531	95,858,859	95,907,517			
Improvements	32,449,418	32,215,121	429,826	233,980	32,879,244	32,449,101			
Machinery & equipment	6,396,739	7,348,155	1,099,153	1,202,313	7,495,892	8,550,468			
CIP	7,835,590	7,520,865	160,825	2,785,921	7,996,415	10,306,786			
Total	\$ 156,060,131	\$ 158,335,981	\$ 48,314,737	\$ 48,850,357	\$ 204,374,868	\$ 207,186,338			

This year's major asset additions (including work in progress) are as follows:

Amount				
\$	4,791,813			
	1,296,418			
	1,043,220			
	478,267			
	320,200			
	270,455			
	245,965			
	\$			

See *Note 6* to the financial statements for more detailed information on capital asset activity.

Long-term Debt: At September 30, 2020, the total debt outstanding was \$61,770,000. Of this amount, \$61,075,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remaining \$695,000 represents bonds secured by specific revenue sources. See *Note 7* to the financial statements for more detailed information on long-term debt activity.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total				
		FY 2020	FY 2019		Y 2020		Y 2019		FY 2020		FY 2019
General obligation	\$	38,435,000	\$ 40,890,000	\$	5,820,000	\$	6,760,000	\$	44,255,000	\$	47,650,000
Certificates of obligation		13,885,000	14,665,000		2,360,000		2,670,000	\$	16,245,000		17,335,000
Public property finance contractual obligations		575,000	-		-		-		575,000		-
Tax notes		695,000	860,000		_		_		695,000		860,000
Total	\$	53,590,000	\$ 56,415,000	_\$_	8,180,000	\$	9,430,000	\$	61,770,000	\$	65,845,000

The City's total debt decreased by \$4,075,000, or 6.2%, during the current fiscal year. In fiscal year 2020, the City issued \$575,000 in public property finance contractual obligations for the purchase of a new fire engine.

The City's funds continue to have favorable credit ratings. The City's current ratings are as follows:

MOODY'S INVESTOR SERVICES STANDARD & POOR'S

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	AA2	AA
ENTERPRISE FUND OBLIGATIONS	AA2	AA

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2020-2021 budget continues to reflect the City Council's conservative fiscal policy direction. The major objectives of the budget process are to identify cost saving measures and to provide funding to implement the City Council's strategic plans. The FY 2020-2021 budget included additional priorities to maintain public safety at current levels and identify cost saving measures across the city to help mitigate the economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. This process included the strategic reduction of community service functions to help mitigate potential spread of COVID-19 but still maintain an acceptable service level to the community. The budget process began with a clear goal of cutting expenditures to offset forecasted declines in revenue across several revenue streams. The pandemic accelerated our multi-year plan to reevaluate all city programs. This was necessary to balance financial stability with essential service levels through the pandemic.

Sales taxes and property taxes are the two largest revenue sources for the City's governmental funds. Sales tax revenues decreased 4.6% in fiscal year 2019-2020. We anticipate sales tax revenues will continue trending downward in FY21 due to the ongoing impacts of Covid-19. In spite of this economic uncertainty, the City is engaged in economic development activities, including partnering with the Northeast Mall ownership to ensure the mall remains an asset to our community. Estimated net taxable values increased by 1.7% in Tax Year 2020 over Tax Year 2019. The City increased its tax rate from \$0.597299 per \$100 valuation in fiscal year 2019-2020 to \$0.625159 in fiscal year 2020-2021. Because property tax revenues are impacted by property tax caps, various exemptions, and the senior and disabled-citizen tax freeze, the City will continue to practice a conservative operational approach.

The Enterprise (Water/Wastewater) Fund's operating budget decreased by 0.2%. The decrease is due to projected decreasing costs for wholesale water and wastewater treatment. It is the City's policy to pass through all, or part, of the additional charges originating from the City's wholesale contracts with the City of Fort Worth and the Trinity River Authority. For 2020-2021, the City of Hurst water and sewer rates for residential and commercial customers will not change. Due to sound financial planning, the Enterprise Fund has been able to overcome variations in rainfall and finish the fiscal year in a stable financial position.

Other Enterprise funds are established to account for Storm Drainage and Hurst Conference Center operations. The Storm Drainage fee generates approximately \$1.1 million per year and all proceeds are utilized to mitigate flooding and other drainage issues throughout the City. The Hurst Conference Center completed its tenth full year of operations in 2019-2020. Events held at the facility include everything from intimate gatherings to corporate events hosting up to approximately 1,000 people. The financial opportunities for the facility are currently limited by conditions and executive orders associated with the pandemic. Currently we have partnered with Tarrant County to operate a vaccine hub at HCC and the County has committed to cover our operational costs while on site. Once the County is no longer using HCC for vaccinations, we anticipate being able to fully market the facility for special events, conferences, and other gatherings.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office at 1505 Precinct Line Road, Hurst, Texas, 76054 (817) 788-7067 or email pbrown@hursttx.gov. To view financial documents, you may also visit the City's Website at www.hursttx.gov.



Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for September 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	2020	2019	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,428,772	\$ 1,769,748	\$ 8,198,520	\$ 7,173,452	
Investments	60,879,962	16,297,828	77,177,790	75,533,881	
Net receivables	6,380,932	3,531,704	9,912,636	10,681,844	
Internal balances	1,898,955	(1,898,955)	-	-	
Inventories and prepaid expenses Restricted assets	206,637	244,494	451,131	427,011	
Cash and cash equivalents	_	965,170	965,170	1,105,706	
Investments		1,973,344	1,973,344	1,872,410	
Total current assets	75,795,258	22,883,333	98,678,591	96,794,304	
Land	59,579,846	564,612	60,144,458	59,972,466	
Depreciable assets, net	88,644,695	47,589,300	136,233,995	136,907,087	
Construction in progress	7,835,590	160,825	7,996,415	10,306,785	
Total noncurrent assets	156,060,131	48,314,737	204,374,868	207,186,338	
Total assets	231,855,389	71,198,070	303,053,459	303,980,642	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,943,762	522,344	3,466,106	11,380,472	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,673,980	428,622	2,102,602	1,940,713	
Deferred loss on bond refunding	1,173,790	324,947	1,498,737	1,654,958	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,791,532	1,275,913	7,067,445	14,976,143	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 237,646,921	\$ 72,473,983	\$ 310,120,904	\$ 318,956,785	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,030,550	\$ 1,486,791	5,517,341	\$ 5,849,004	
Escrow deposits and unearned revenue	76,733	417,073	493,806	632,898	
Customer deposits		1,923,344	1,923,344	1,872,410	
Current portion of net OPEB liability Current portion of long-term liabilities	548,618 6,320,212	139,477 1,364,911	688,094 7,685,123	848,535 7,572,407	
•	0,320,212	1,504,911	7,065,125	7,372,407	
Total current liabilities	10,976,113	5,331,596	16,307,708	16,775,254	
Net pension liability	15,792,232	2,802,177	18,594,409	28,927,793	
Net OPEB liability, net of current portion	10,423,733	2,650,057	13,073,790	16,122,163	
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	56,825,161	7,546,235	64,371,396	69,090,628	
Total noncurrent liabilities	83,041,126	12,998,469	96,039,595	114,140,584	
Total liabilities	94,017,238	18,330,065	112,347,303	130,915,838	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	4,704,791	834,819	5,539,610	750,743	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	2,668,221	678,357	3,346,578	108,902	
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,373,012	1,513,176	8,886,188	859,645	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	109,339,694	42,263,651	151,603,345	153,663,592	
Restricted for	,,	,200,001	,000,010	,000,072	
Debt service	1,130,217	-	1,130,217	1,178,367	
Capital projects	905,633	-	905,633	3,454	
Community development	4,766,894	-	4,766,894	3,977,763	
Public safety Municipal court	6,998,527 543,148	-	6,998,527 543,148	6,125,768 530,917	
Parks	689,524	-	689,524	528,213	
Traffic safety	484,574	-	484,574	503,408	
Tourism, convention center, arts	1,859,780	-	1,859,780	1,769,829	
Urban transit	1,739,091	-	1,739,091	1,220,895	
Other	122,899	-	122,899	122,539	
Unrestricted	7,676,690	10,367,091	18,043,781	17,556,557	
Total net position	136,256,671	52,630,742	188,887,413	187,181,302	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 237,646,921	\$ 72,473,983	\$ 310,120,904	\$ 318,956,785	

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	6,919,302	\$	131,383	\$	3,024,057	\$	-
Public safety		25,752,945		2,024,041		131,702		-
Culture and recreation		10,637,396		492,827		114,439		-
Public works		4,929,958		790,736		-		-
Interest expense		1,135,394		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		49,374,995		3,438,987		3,270,198		-
Business-type Activities								
Water and sewer services		21,415,506		21,779,611		-		339,060
Stormwater management services		911,776		1,102,664		-		127,704
Conference and meeting center		2,151,646		1,804,763				_
Total business-type activities		24,478,928		24,687,038				466,764
Total primary government	\$	73,853,923	\$	28,126,025	\$	3,270,198	\$	466,764

General Revenues

Property taxes, penalty and interest Sales taxes Franchise taxes Occupancy taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Net Position, End of Year

N	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
Governn	nental	Bu	siness-type		Totals					
Activi			Activities	_	2020		2019			
\$ (3,7	(63,862)	\$	-	\$	(3,763,862)	\$	(7,007,216)			
(23,5	97,202)		-		(23,597,202)		(24,597,904)			
(10,0	30,130)		-		(10,030,130)		(10,655,393)			
(4,1	39,222)		-		(4,139,222)		(3,911,200)			
(1,1	35,394)				(1,135,394)	_	(1,711,724)			
(42,6	65,810)		-		(42,665,810)		(47,883,437)			
			703,165		703,165		(145,429)			
	-		318,592		318,592		348,695			
	-		(346,883)		(346,883)		(338,456)			
			(340,663)		(340,003)		(336,436)			
			674,874		674,874		(135,190)			
(42,6	665,810)		674,874		(41,990,936)		(48,018,627)			
-	89,781		-		18,389,781		16,292,473			
	77,236		-		19,777,236		20,661,292			
	2,669,328		-		2,669,328		2,935,945			
	60,845		-		660,845		905,677			
-	60,273		346,862		1,507,135		2,048,919			
	92,722		-		692,722		1,189,108			
1	00,000		(100,000)		-		-			
43,4	50,185		246,862		43,697,047		44,033,414			
7	84,375		921,736		1,706,111		(3,985,213)			
135,4	72,296		51,709,006		187,181,302		191,166,515			
\$ 136,2	56,671	\$	52,630,742	\$	188,887,413	\$	187,181,302			

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2020 With Summarized Totals for September 30, 2019

	General Fund		 Special Revenue Funds				
			HCDC	Anti-Crime			
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,737,457	\$ 346,803	\$	319,241		
Investments		12,486,384	3,661,231		5,417,664		
Receivables, net							
Taxes		973,040	865,501		857,814		
Court		979,200	-		-		
Other		1,746,715	24,050		107,829		
Inventories and other		1,881	-		-		
Due from other funds		31,549	 				
Total assets	\$	18,956,226	\$ 4,897,585	\$	6,702,548		
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$	2,313,411	\$ 154,333	\$	131,153		
Escrow deposits payable and							
unearned revenue		76,733	-		-		
Due to other funds			 		<u> </u>		
Total liabilities		2,390,144	 154,333		131,153		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue		1,104,999	-		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,104,999	 -		-		
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Inventory		1,881	-		-		
Restricted		5,844,743	4,743,252		6,571,395		
Assigned		29,620	-		-		
Unassigned		9,584,839	 				
Total fund balances		15,461,083	 4,743,252		6,571,395		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	18,956,226	\$ 4,897,585	\$	6,702,548		

Totals					
2019					
41 \$ 3,140,158					
49,953,919					
2,905,830					
981,561					
50 2,934,355					
31 1,883					
1,144,854					
94 \$ 61,062,560					
\$ 3,213,371					
33 140,853					
19 323,062					
3,677,286					
1,134,917					
1,134,917					
31 1,883					
28,839,659					
26 17,706,378					
9,702,437					
56,250,357					
94 \$ 61,062,560					



Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities September 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 56,983,107
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, excluding internal service funds capital assets.	153,518,480
Accrued interest on governmental activities debt is not reported in the funds until paid.	(241,764)
Certain revenue earned but unavailable and long-term receivables are deferred in the funds.	1,135,141
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.	13,410,060
Other postemployment benefits and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements.	(11,515,273)
Pension related liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements.	(17,032,430)
The portion of the internal service funds due to business activities is reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.	1,898,955
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds, excluding internal service funds long-term liabilities.	(5,823,730)
Tax notes, bonds payable and contractual obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds, excluding internal service funds long-term liabilities. Losses on issuance of refunding bonds are not reported in the funds but are reported as deferred	
outflows in the statement of net position.	 (56,075,875)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 136,256,671

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2020 With Summarized Totals for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds				
	 General		HCDC	Α	nti-Crime	
Revenues						
Taxes, penalty and interest	\$ 27,945,861	\$	4,816,339	\$	4,921,887	
Licenses/permits	811,270		-		-	
Support from governmental entities	3,024,057		-		131,702	
Charges for services	1,527,628		-		-	
Fines and fees	1,120,244		_		- `	
Interest	326,074		72,034		122,298	
Miscellaneous	 342,307		5,957		22,615	
Total revenues	 35,097,441		4,894,330		5,198,502	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	4,286,689		-		-	
Public safety	18,742,331		-		4,282,945	
Culture and recreation	5,532,644		2,567,797		-	
Public works	2,371,726		-		-	
Capital outlay	-		324,268		81,213	
Debt service						
Principal retirement	-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal agent fees	 				-	
Total expenditures	 30,933,390		2,892,065		4,364,158	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 4,164,051		2,002,265		834,344	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-		-		-	
Premium on bond issuance	-		-		-	
Transfers in	50,000		-		4,282	
Transfers out	 (3,564,112)		(1,226,940)		(50,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,514,112)		(1,226,940)		(45,718)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	649,939		775,325		788,626	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 14,811,144		3,967,927		5,782,769	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 15,461,083	\$	4,743,252	\$	6,571,395	

	Capital Projects Funds Nonmajor		Totals					
	Special Projects	2019 GO Bond Fund	Gov	ernmental Funds		2020		2019
	riojecis	Bona i una		Turius				
\$		\$ -	\$	3,792,724	\$	41,476,811	\$	40,797,443
Ф	_	φ - -	Ф	3,792,724	Ф	811,270	Ф	1,091,085
	114,439			_		3,270,198		1,504,425
	-	-		_		1,527,628		2,319,048
	-	-		_		1,120,244		1,498,576
	301,765	63,791		89,869		975,831		1,290,490
	246,292			2,720		619,891		1,081,968
	662,496	63,791		3,885,313		49,801,873		49,583,035
	435,391	_		-		4,722,080		4,380,033
	9,993	-		-		23,035,269		23,808,440
	-	-		-		8,100,441		9,893,956
	-	-		-		2,371,726		2,317,724
	896,327	2,562,653		1,841,877		5,706,338		3,762,850
	-	-		3,400,000		3,400,000		3,065,000
	-			2,055,757		2,055,757		1,855,604
	1,341,711	2,562,653		7,297,634		49,391,611		49,083,607
	(679,215)	(2,498,862)		(3,412,321)		410,262		499,428
	-	-		575,000		575,000		9,175,000
	-	-		-		-		453,618
	2,942,718	-		1,591,565		4,588,565		3,552,517
				(25)		(4,841,077)		(5,067,004)
	2,942,718	-		2,166,540		322,488		8,114,131
	2,263,503	(2,498,862)		(1,245,781)		732,750		8,613,559
	17,682,803	7,525,196		6,480,518		56,250,357		47,636,798
\$	19,946,306	\$ 5,026,334	\$	5,234,737	\$	56,983,107	\$	56,250,357



Reconciliation of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position in the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 732,750
Amounts reported for governmental funds in the statement of activities are different because:	
Change in revenues not considered available in the governmental funds.	224
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current year. Capital Outlay	6,488,659
Depreciation	(8,844,948)
Proceeds from debt issuance are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issuance increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(575,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	3,400,000
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	283,486
Governmental funds report the effect of losses on refundings when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	(106,001)
Current year change in accrued interest payable does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(12,180)
Current year pension expenditures are reported on the fiscal year basis in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and as actuarially determined in the government-wide statement of activities. These differences are reflected in deferred outflows/inflows of resources balances.	(2,024,335)
Current year OPEB expenditures are reported on the fiscal year basis in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and as actuarially determined in the government-wide statement of activities. These differences are reflected in deferred outflows/inflows of resources balances.	88,434
Current year changes in long-term liabilities for compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	217,697
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (net of amount allocated to business-type activities).	1,135,589
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 784,375
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Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for September 30, 2019

		Rus	siness-type Activit	ties			
		Conference &	Nonmajor	Tota	als		
	Water & Sewer	Meeting Center Fund	Stormwater Fund	2020	2019		
Assets							
Commont Access							
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 580,955	\$ 1,066,991	\$ 121,802	\$ 1,769,748	\$ 1,519,986		
Investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible	14,620,625	-	1,677,203	16,297,828	15,963,268		
accounts of \$93,583 in 2020 and \$84,547 in 2019)	3,089,400	16,726	143,886	3,250,012	3,452,727		
Other receivables Due from other funds	277,565	-	4,127	281,692	347,417		
Inventory of materials and supplies, at cost	193,255	16,953	-	210,208	219,476		
Prepaids and other assets	-	34,286	-	34,286	1,581		
Restricted assets Cash and cash equivalents	965,170	_	_	965,170	1,105,706		
Investments	1,973,344			1,973,344	1,872,410		
Total current assets	21,700,314	1,134,956	1,947,018	24,782,288	24,482,571		
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets	84,695,650	81,367	4,946,647	89,723,664	88,351,136		
Accumulated depreciation	(40,532,767)	(68,412)	(807,748)	(41,408,927)	(39,500,779)		
Total noncurrent assets	44,162,883	12,955	4,138,899	48,314,737	48,850,357		
Total assets	65,863,197	1,147,911	6,085,917	73,097,025	73,332,928		
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension outflows	382,658	107,104	32,582	522,344	1,648,499		
Deferred OPEB outflows	324,374	75,279	28,969	428,622	401,312		
Deferred loss on bond refunding	324,947			324,947	375,167		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,031,979	182,383	61,551	1,275,913	2,424,978		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 66,895,176	\$ 1,330,294	\$ 6,147,468	\$ 74,372,938	\$ 75,757,906		
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$ 1,378,717	\$ 39,246	\$ 38,736	\$ 1,456,699	\$ 1,572,303		
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	-	417,073	-	417,073	821,792 492,045		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets							
Accrued bond interest Customer deposits	30,092 1,923,344	-	-	30,092 1,923,344	35,352 1,872,410		
Current portion of net OPEB liability	105,554	24,496	9,427	139,477	172,505		
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,335,674	26,422	2,815	1,364,911	1,366,357		
Total current liabilities	4,773,381	507,237	50,978	5,331,596	6,332,764		
Net pension liability	2,052,823	574,567	174,787	2,802,177	4,361,989		
Net OPEB liability, net of current portion	2,005,519	465,427	179,111	2,650,057	3,277,582		
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	7,504,225	37,966	4,044	7,546,235	8,837,200		
Total long-term liabilities	11,562,567	1,077,960	357,942	12,998,469	16,476,771		
Total liabilities	16,335,948	1,585,197	408,920	18,330,065	22,809,535		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflows	611,573	171,174	52,072	834,819	117,929		
Deferred OPEB inflows	513,365	119,144	45,848	678,357	28,911		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,124,938	290,318	97,920	1,513,176	146,840		
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	38,111,797 11,322,493	12,955 (558,176)	4,138,899 1,501,729	42,263,651 12,266,046	41,683,200 11,118,331		
Total net position	49,434,290	(545,221)	5,640,628	54,529,697	52,801,531		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and net position	\$ 66,895,176	\$ 1,330,294	\$ 6,147,468	74,372,938	\$ 75,757,906		
Adjustment to net position to reflect the consolidation of							
internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds				(1,898,955)			
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 52,630,742			

Governmental Activities-
Internal Service Funds

2020	2019
\$ 1,346,331 10,739,523	\$ 2,513,308 9,616,694
62,148	59,954
39,756 165,000	39,071 165,000
12,352,758	12,394,027
13,844,118 (11,302,467)	13,043,305 (10,582,093)
2,541,651	2,461,212
14,894,409	14,855,239
87,347 63,648	287,915 62,786
150,995	350,701
\$ 15,045,404	\$ 15,205,940
\$ 440,222	\$ 798,394 -
-	-
-	-
20,712 25,192	25,643 20,965
486,126	845,002
468,579	726,972
393,521 46,786	487,208 38,935
908,886	1,253,115
1,395,012	2,098,117
139,599 100,733	19,493 7,429
240,332	26,922
2,541,651 10,868,409	2,461,212 10,619,689
13,410,060	
\$ 15,045,404	\$ 15,205,940

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for Year Ended September 30, 2019

Pusiness type Activities

		Bus	siness-type Activi	ties			
		Conference & Meeting	Nonmajor Stormwater	Totals			
	Water & Sewer	Center Fund	Fund	2020	2019		
Operating Revenues							
Water and sewer services	\$ 21,516,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,516,268	\$ 20,769,729		
Storm drainage utility fee	-	-	1,102,618	1,102,618	1,098,010		
Service fees	=	1,804,763	· -	1,804,763	3,269,784		
Other	263,343		46	263,389	499,204		
Total operating revenues	21,779,611	1,804,763	1,102,664	24,687,038	25,636,727		
Operating Expenses							
Personnel services	4,470,423	1,320,475	370,370	6,161,268	6,701,293		
Contractual services	8,649,308	-	-	8,649,308	9,192,894		
Repairs and maintenance	477,268	38,394	131,065	646,727	1,389,856		
Materials and supplies	173,122	76,162	4,313	253,597	263,017		
Depreciation and amortization	1,723,710	9,550	174,888	1,908,148	1,864,274		
Indirect cost/street rental fees	3,692,379	-	83,856	3,776,235	3,876,235		
Other	1,156,596	707,065	147,284	2,010,945	2,551,373		
Total operating expenses	20,342,806	2,151,646	911,776	23,406,228	25,838,942		
Operating income (loss)	1,436,805	(346,883)	190,888	1,280,810	(202,215)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Interest revenue	320,795	_	26,067	346,862	509,870		
Interest expense	(266,270)	_	_	(266,270)	(338,602)		
Gain (loss) on sale of property and equipment					(6,565)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	54,525		26,067	80,592	164,703		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,491,330	(346,883)	216,955	1,361,402	(37,512)		
Transfers In	1,603,179	-	-	1,603,179	2,986,815		
Transfers Out	(1,703,179)	-	_	(1,703,179)	(3,225,159)		
Contributions	339,060		127,704	466,764	629,288		
Change in Net Position	1,730,390	(346,883)	344,659	1,728,166	353,432		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	47,703,900	(198,338)	5,295,969	52,801,531	52,448,099		
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 49,434,290	\$ (545,221)	\$ 5,640,628	\$ 54,529,697	\$ 52,801,531		
Adjustment to change in net position to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to en	terprise funds			(806,430)			
Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities				\$ 921,736			

Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds

2020	2019
\$ _	\$ -
-	-
9,860,122	9,556,234
 72,831	57,210
9,932,953	9,613,444
7,573,364	8,233,127
192,034	190,704
558,660	561,633
1,069,054	1,243,583
720,373	794,800
-	-
10,113,485	11,023,847
(180,532)	(1,410,403)
184,442	248,559
(27,263)	-
 	49,930
157,179	298,489
(23,353)	(1,111,914)
352,512	1,752,831
-	-
329,159	640,917
 13,080,901	12,439,984
\$ 13,410,060	\$ 13,080,901

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Bus	siness-type Activit	ties	
		Conference &	Nonmajor	Tot	als
		Meeting	Stormwater		
	Water & Sewer	Center Fund	Fund	2020	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 21,994,840	\$ 1,686,550	\$ 1,090,659	\$ 24,772,049	\$ 25,793,016
Receipts from interfund services provided		,,	,,		-
Payments to suppliers	(10,393,728)	(816,583)	(330,643)	(11,540,954)	(13,261,683)
Payments on behalf of employees	(4,268,775)	(1,289,721)	(364,446)	(5,922,942)	(6,080,801)
Payments for interfund services used	(3,692,379)	-	(83,856)	(3,776,235)	(3,960,091)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,639,958	(419,754)	311,714	3,531,918	2,490,441
Cash Flows from Noncapital					
Financing Activities					
Transfers to other funds	(2,524,971)	_	_	(2,524,971)	(6,340,324)
Transfers from other funds	1,603,179	_	_	1,603,179	3,892,949
				-,,,,,,,,	2,00 2,000
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital					
financing activities	(921,792)	_		(921,792)	(2,447,375)
Debt principal payments	(1,250,000)	-	-	(1,250,000)	(1,315,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(262,269)	-	-	(262,269)	(331,845)
Purchases of property and equipment	(666,306)	-	(239,457)	(905,763)	(1,798,158)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		-			(6,565)
Net cash used in capital and					
related financing activities	(2,178,575)		(239,457)	(2,418,032)	(3,451,568)
					,
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from sale/maturities of investments	16,087,643	-	1,159,473	17,247,116	13,571,284
Purchase of investments	(16,507,610)	-	(1,175,000)	(17,682,610)	(12,842,949)
Interest received on investments	320,795		31,831	352,626	503,404
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(99,172)		16,304	(82,868)	1,231,739
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	440,419	(419,754)	88,561	109,226	(2,176,763)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,105,706	1,486,745	33,241	2,625,692	4,802,455
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	1,546,125	1,066,991	121,802	2,734,918	2,625,692
Noncash Investing, Capital and					
Financing Activities	220.000		107.704	166 561	(20,200
Capital contributions received in-kind	339,060	· 	127,704	466,764	629,288
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position					
Cash and cash equivalents	580,955	1,066,991	121,802	1,769,748	1,519,986
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	965,170	-	,	965,170	1,105,706
1					,,
	\$ 1,546,125	\$ 1,066,991	\$ 121,802	\$ 2,734,918	\$ 2,625,692

Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds

2020	2019
\$ 67,495 9,860,122 (2,202,403 (7,481,383	9,750,559 (1,842,114)
243,831	(151,167)
352,512	1,752,831
352,512	1,752,831
(27,263 (800,812	
(828,075	(500,949)
8,846,764 (9,969,593 187,584	
(935,245	(855,696)
(1,166,977	245,019
2,513,308	2,268,289
1,346,331	2,513,308
-	
1,346,331	2,513,308
\$ 1,346,331	\$ 2,513,308

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Summarized Totals for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities									
				nference	N	lonmajor	Totals			
				Meeting	Sto	ormwater				
	Wa	ter & Sewer		Center		Fund		2020		2019
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash										
Provided by Operating Activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,436,805	\$	(346,883)	\$	190,888	\$	1,280,810	\$	(202,215)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to										
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities										
Depreciation and amortization		1,723,710		9,550		174,888		1,908,148		1,864,274
Change in assets and deferred outflows										
Accounts receivable		164,295		110,386		(12,005)		262,676		63,061
Inventory of materials and supplies		2,227		7,041		-		9,268		(8,319)
Due to/from other funds		-		-		-		-		(83,856)
Prepaids and other assets		-		(32,705)				(32,705)		119,869
Deferred pension outflows		844,182		214,757		67,216		1,126,155		(1,045,975)
Deferred OPEB outflows		(25,802)		(1,078)		(430)		(27,310)		(115,808)
Change in liabilities and deferred inflows										
Accounts payable and other		60,339		(122,925)		(54,471)		(117,057)		(10,680)
Customer deposits and unearned revenue		50,934		(74,972)		-		(24,038)		130,183
Net pension liability		(1,142,024)		(320,225)		(97,563)		(1,559,812)		2,229,284
Net OPEB liability		(499,804)		(116,173)		(44,576)		(660,553)		162,060
Deferred pension inflows		528,485		143,109		45,296		716,890		(603,333)
Deferred OPEB inflows		496,611		110,364		42,471		649,446		(8,104)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,639,958	\$	(419,754)	\$	311,714	\$	3,531,918	\$	2,490,441

Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds

2020	2019
\$ (180,532)	\$ (1,410,403)
720,373	794,800
(5,336)	(9,724)
(685)	3,498 194,325
-	-
200,568	(183,543)
(862)	(20,348)
(346,094)	175,315
-	-
(258,393)	366,506
(98,618)	24,090
120,106	(87,610)
93,304	1,927
\$ 243,831	\$ (151,167)

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2020

	OPEB Trust					
	2020	2019				
Assets						
Investments – equity mutual funds	\$ 4,768,897	\$ 3,349,831				
Total assets	\$ 4,768,897	\$ 3,349,831				
Net Position						
Restricted for other postemployment benefits	\$ 4,768,897	\$ 3,349,831				
Total net position	\$ 4,768,897	\$ 3,349,831				

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2020

	OPEB Trust		
Additions			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 1,433,489		
Net investment income	677,555		
Total additions	2,111,044		
Deductions			
Benefit payments	682,789		
Administrative expenses	9,189		
Total deductions	691,978		
Change in net position	1,419,066		
Net Position, Beginning of Year	3,349,831		
Net Position, Ending of Year	\$ 4,768,897		
net i origin, faiding of item	Ψ ¬,700,077		



Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Hurst, Texas (City) Home Rule Charter was adopted December 19, 1956, pursuant to Resolution No. 100, adopted November 13, 1956. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services by its charter: public safety, public works, health, culture, recreation, community development and water and sewer utilities.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues, expenditures and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that are used. Significant City policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, in substance, are part of the City's operations.

The Hurst Community Services Development Corporation (HCDC) was incorporated in 1993 under the provisions of the *Development Corporation Act of 1979*, Article 5190.6, Texas Revised Civil Statutes Annotated, as amended. HCDC operates under a seven member Board of Directors appointed by the City Council. The purpose of HCDC is to promote and finance projects required or suitable for athletic, entertainment, tourist, conventions, public parks and related purposes. The Board of Directors of HCDC is substantially the same as the City Council and the City will ultimately bear the benefit or burden. HCDC has been incorporated into these basic financial statements as a blended component unit, reported as the HCDC Fund. Separate financial statements for HCDC are not released.

The Hurst Crime Control and Prevention District (HCCPD) was authorized by voter referendum on September 9, 1995, for five years under the provisions of the *Crime Control and Prevention District Act*, Article 2370c-4, Section 3.01, Vernon Civil Statutes, as amended. The district was renewed by voter referendum on August 12, 2000, for ten years and again on May 8, 2010, for twenty years. The HCCPD operates under a seven-member Board of Directors appointed by the City Council. The purpose of the HCCPD is to provide relief to the General Fund for expanded crime prevention and enforcement activities. The Board of Directors of the HCCPD is substantially the same as the City Council and the City will ultimately bear the benefit or burden. The HCCPD has been incorporated into these basic financial statements as a blended component unit, reported as the Anti-crime Fund. Separate financial statements for HCCPD are not released.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government except the fiduciary fund. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments (GASB 34) in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department, and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their asset use. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, internal service funds and fiduciary fund. Major individual governmental funds and the major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, fines, interest, and charges for services. Licenses and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The major governmental funds are:

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating and capital expenditures not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

HCDC Fund: To account for the sales and use tax levied by the City on behalf of HCDC.

Anti-crime Fund: To account for the sales and use tax levied by the City on behalf of HCCPD.

<u>Special Projects Fund:</u> To account for the purchase or construction of building improvements, computer equipment, and office machinery and equipment. Financing is provided primarily by transfers from the General Fund.

<u>2019 G.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund</u>: To account for the financing and construction of voter approved projects. Financing was provided by general obligation bond proceeds.

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a user charge basis.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

<u>Fleet Service Fund:</u> To account for the acquisition and financing of replacement vehicles of the General Fund and the repair and maintenance of vehicles. Operations are financed by charges to the user departments based on vehicle usage.

<u>The Loss Reserve Fund:</u> To account for the City's partially self-insured health care program. The program is financed by charges to user departments based on the number of covered employees and dependents.

<u>Information Services Fund:</u> To account for the personnel and operating costs of information services and the replacement cost of all computer related equipment. Operations are financed by charges to user departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

<u>Water & Sewer Fund:</u> To account for providing water and sewer to residential and commercial users and is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund accounts for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded at each year-end.

Conference & Meeting Center Fund: To account for the operations of the City's conference and meeting center and is designated as a major fund. Fees are charged for use of the center. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Fund

The other postemployment benefit (OPEB) trust fund is used to report assets held for beneficiaries to fund future postemployment benefits other than pensions. The City utilizes a trust to hold required contributions for OPEBs. Plan trustees must act in accordance with the specific purposes and terms of the OPEB plan. The accompanying statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position are presented as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, the Plan's year-end, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans* (GASB 74).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers cash and investments with an initial maturity of less than three months as cash and cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due from citizens for various services provided by the City as well as property taxes and sales taxes receivable. Management evaluates the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts based on a review of the aging of accounts and other specific information known by management.

Investments

Certificates of deposit are stated at cost with interest accrued as earned for government-wide presentation. Investments in external investment pools are carried at either net asset value or amortized cost, as determined by each pool's individual investment valuation method and whether there is a readily determinable fair value of the pool as of the City's fiscal year end. In instances where pools transact at amortized cost, no readily determinable fair value is deemed available.

Inventories

Inventories in the general and proprietary fund types are carried at cost (first-in, first-out method).

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure such as roads, bridges, drainage systems and lighting systems are reported at historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items are reported at acquisition value on the date donated. The minimum capitalization threshold is any item with a total cost greater than \$5,000 and a life greater than on year. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Assets

10-40 Years
4-10 Years
5-40 Years
2-30 Years
15-30 Years
2 – 15 Years
4-50 Years
5-50 Years
4-40 Years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Compensated Absences

Vested vacation leave (unpaid to employees terminated before year-end) that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. The long-term portion of compensated absences for governmental funds is reflected in the statement of net position. Vested or accumulated vacation leave within proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. No liability is recorded for nonvested accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Information regarding the City's total pension liability is obtained from TMRS through a report prepared for the City by TMRS' consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company, in compliance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68).

Fund allocation of related balances is determined by individual employee assignment. This assignment is uniform with regard to liquidation of the liability.

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

The City has an agent multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment (benefit) OPEB plan (Plan). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

Fund allocation of related balances is determined by individual employee assignment. This assignment is uniform with regard to liquidation of the liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. There is no interest charged between funds for these advances.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable fund balance, is employed by the City. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances because they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The City allows encumbrances to lapse leaving no reservation of fund balance at September 30, 2020.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Deferred loss on refunding A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and recognized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and reported as a reduction in net pension liability or increase in net pension asset in the year subsequent to their deferral.
- OPEB benefit and premium payments after measurement date These benefit payments are deferred and reported as a reduction in total OPEB liability in the year subsequent to their deferral.
- Experience difference Pensions These amounts represent the differences between expected and actual pension experience. These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.
- Assumption changes Pensions and OPEB –These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.
- Investment difference Pensions and OPEB These amounts represent the difference in projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan assets. These differences are deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Unavailable revenue This amount represents uncollected property taxes and municipal court fees. This amount is deferred and recognized once payments are received in the following fiscal year.
- Experience difference Pensions and OPEB These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.
- Assumption changes OPEB These differences are deferred and recognized over the
 estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the
 measurement period.

Minimum Fund Balance

City management must institute a plan to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to no less than 90 days of operating expenditures. The City considers a balance of less than 90 days of operating expenditures to be cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances. If unassigned fund balance falls below the goal or has a deficiency, the City will enact its fiscal management plan. The fiscal management plan provides specific language to guide expenditure reduction and/or revenue enhancement actions.

Fund Balance Classifications and Uses

Fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned in governmental funds. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent, either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements. Restricted fund balances have constraints for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, grantors or other governments; or by enabling legislation of the City Council. Committed fund balances can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through an ordinance or resolution. Assigned fund balances are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by City management based on Council direction. Unassigned fund balances include residual positive fund balances within the General Fund that had not been classified within the other mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A description of the purposes of the restricted, committed, and assigned governmental fund balances at September 30, 2020 and 2019, follows:

	2020								2019							
	Gen	General Fund HCDC Anti-Crime Special Pro		rojects	2019 GO Bond Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds					
Nonspendable	\$	1,881	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,881	\$	1,883
Restricted for																
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		5,026,334		4,104,520		9,130,854		12,827,347
Community development		23,642		4,743,252		-		-		-		-		4,766,894		3,991,469
Public safety		427,251		-		6,571,395		-		-		-		6,998,646		6,166,575
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		1,130,217		1,130,217		1,178,367
Municipal court		543,148		-		-		-		-		-		543,148		530,917
Parks		689,524		-		-		-		-		-		689,524		528,213
Traffic safety		484,574		-		-		-		-		-		484,574		503,408
Tourism, convention center, arts		1,859,780		-		-		-		-		-		1,859,780		1,769,929
Urban transit		1,693,925		-		-		-		-		-		1,693,925		1,220,895
Other		122,899		-		-		-		-		-		122,899		122,539
Assigned										-						
Capital and special projects		-		-		-	19,	946,306		-		-		19,946,306		17,682,803
Other		29,620		-		-		-		-		-		29,620		23,575
Unassigned		9,584,839												9,584,839		9,702,437
Total fund balance	\$	15,461,083	\$	4,743,252	\$	6,571,395	\$ 19,	946,306	\$	5,026,334	\$	5,234,737	\$	56,983,107	\$	56,250,357

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The basic financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2019 financial statements to conform to the 2020 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Future Adoption of Accounting Principles

The GASB has issued the following potentially significant statements which the City has not yet adopted, and which require adoption subsequent to September 30, 2020.

Statement No.	Title	Adoption Required
84	Fiduciary Activities	September 30, 2021
87	Leases	September 30, 2022
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	September 30, 2022

Note 2: Budgetary Data and Stewardship

The City is required to annually adopt budgets for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts are originally adopted by the City Council for the 2019-2020 budget. There were no individual amendments to the original appropriations. Such appropriations lapse at year-end.

- 1) The City follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements.
- 2) Prior to September 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4) Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 5) The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council, after public hearings.
- 6) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Funds.
- 7) Budgetary data for the Capital Projects Funds has not been presented in the accompanying basic financial statements as such funds are budgeted over the life of the respective project and not on an annual basis. Accordingly, formal budgetary integration of the Capital Projects Funds is not employed and comparison of actual results of operations to budgetary data for such funds is not presented.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 3: Deposits and Investments

The City's deposit and investment policies are governed by State statutes and the adopted City Investment Policy. City policies governing bank deposits require depositories to be FDIC-insured institutions and depositories must fully collateralize all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits. At September 30, 2020, the City's deposits were entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name; as a result, the City's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>External Investment Pools:</u> The City's pool investments as of September 30, 2020, were invested in TexPool and TexSTAR (Texas Short Term Asset Reserve program).

During the year, the City invested in two public fund investment pools, including TexSTAR and TexPool. Each pool's governing body is comprised of individuals who are employees, officers or elected officials of participants in the funds or who do not have a business relationship with the fund and are qualified to advise. Investment objective and strategies of the pools are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. Pools offer same day access to investment funds.

Federated Investors is the full-service provider for the TexPool program. As the provider, the responsibilities include managing the assets, providing participant services, and arranging for all custody and other functions in support of the operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. JPMorgan Investment Management (JPMIM) and Hilltop Securities, Inc. (HSAM) serve as co-administrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the TexSTAR board of directors. JPMIM serves as an investment advisor to TexSTAR, while HSAM provides administrative participant support and marketing services.

TexPool and TexSTAR are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as investment companies. TexPool and TexSTAR are investment pools that have been organized in conformity with the Chapters 791, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and 2256, Public Funds Investment Act, of the Texas Government Code.

Investments in TexPool are carried at amortized cost, while TexSTAR is carried at net asset value.

<u>Investments</u>: The City's investments are registered or held by the City or its agent in the City's name at September 30, 2020, and are as follows:

	Value	Weighted Average
Certificates of deposit	\$ 37,000,000	1.18
Investment in Master Trust	4,768,897	-
Investment pools	18,856,763	0.09
U.S. Treasury Obligations	16,174,124	1.33
Federal Agency Securities	7,120,247	1.10
Portfolio weighted average maturity	\$ 83,920,031	0.94

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

<u>Credit Risk:</u> Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States of America, it's agencies and instrumentalities, in obligations of the State of Texas and related agencies, in obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated "A" or above by Standard & Poor's or Moody's, repurchase agreements and designated investment pools. The City's investment in TexPool and TexSTAR are both rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk:</u> The City invests in certificates of deposit at a bank with initial maturities greater than three months. These certificates of deposit are collateralized by securities held in the City's name by pledging financial institutions.

OPEB Trust Fund Investments: The City has contracted with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) for trust administration and Union Bank serves as the trustee for all investments of the OPEB Trust Fund. PARS provides its participants a range of investment strategies, and the City has selected the PARS Balanced HighMark Plus Portfolio. The goal of the Plan's investment program is to generate adequate long-term returns that, when combined with contributions, will result in sufficient assets to pay present and future obligations to the Plan. The Balanced Portfolio's goal is to provide growth of both principal and income. The Plan's underlying investments are allocated between equity, fixed income securities and cash. The OPEB Plan does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2019, all investments are registered in the name of the OPEB Plan's custodian established through a master trust custodial agreement. The OPEB Trust Fund investments are carried at fair value of \$4,768,897 as of December 31, 2019. The investment in master trust is classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy using quoted market prices of the mutual funds owned by the trust, allocated among members. The Trust's funds are invested in a mutual fund that is invested in equity, money market and fixed income mutual funds. The investment strategy of the OPEB Trust Fund is to provide current income with capital appreciation. The credit rating and weighted average maturity is not available for the pool.

<u>Fair Value of Assets:</u> Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30, 2020:

	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level				
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 16,174,124	\$ 16,174,124	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Agency Securities	7,120,247	-	7,120,247	-
Investment in Master Trust	4,768,897			4,768,897
Total investments by fair value level	28,063,268	\$ 16,174,124	\$ 7,120,247	\$ 4,768,897
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value - TexSTAR	9,419,827			
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost - TexPool	9,436,936			
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	37,000,000			
Total investments	\$ 83,920,031			

Certain investments that are measured using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above approximate net asset value for all related external investment pool balances.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 4: Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and certain personal property located in the City. The total assessed value upon which the fiscal 2020 levy is based is approximately \$4,221,189,142. Such assessed value is computed based on 100% appraised values.

General property taxes are limited by the Texas Constitution to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation and by the City's Home Rule Charter to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental service and debt service for the year ended September 30, 2020, is \$0.597299 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 following the levy date. Taxes are due by January 31 following the levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2020, are approximately 99% of the tax levy.

Note 5: Net Receivables

Net receivables consist of the following at September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	 2020		2019	
Governmental Activities				
Taxes receivable	\$ 2,726,924	\$	3,776,842	
Contract receivables	-		600,000	
Charges to users	979,200		981,561	
Interest	286,751		331,664	
Other	 2,388,057		1,191,633	
Total governmental activities net receivables	 6,380,932		6,881,700	
Business-type Activities				
Charges to users	3,148,180		3,325,615	
Interest	101,832		134,484	
Other	 281,692		340,045	
Total business-type activities net receivables	 3,531,704		3,800,144	
Total net receivables	\$ 9,912,636	\$	10,681,844	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 6: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets is as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 59,407,854	\$ 171,992	\$ -	\$ 59,579,846
Construction in progress	7,520,864	5,958,501	(5,643,775)	7,835,590
1 0	66,928,718	6,130,493	(5,643,775)	67,415,436
Capital Assets Being Depreciated			<u> </u>	
Buildings and improvements	92,861,482	1,043,220	-	93,904,702
Improvements other than buildings	160,159,516	4,163,595	-	164,323,111
Machinery and equipment	32,567,582	875,565	(3,640)	33,439,507
Total depreciable	285,588,580	6,082,380	(3,640)	291,667,320
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(41,017,496)	(3,088,668)	-	(44,106,164)
Improvements other than buildings	(127,944,394)	(3,929,299)	-	(131,873,693)
Machinery and equipment	(25,219,427)	(1,826,981)	3,640	(27,042,768)
Total accumulated depreciation	(194,181,317)	(8,844,948)	3,640	(203,022,625)
Total depreciable - net	91,407,263	(2,762,568)		88,644,695
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 158,335,981	\$ 3,367,925	\$ (5,643,775)	\$ 156,060,131
	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2019
	October 1,	Additions		September 30,
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	October 1, 2018		Reclassifications	September 30, 2019
Land	October 1, 2018 \$ 58,160,798	\$ 1,247,056	Reclassifications \$ -	\$ 59,407,854
	October 1, 2018 \$ 58,160,798 7,355,023	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727	\$ - (4,197,886)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864
Land Construction in progress	October 1, 2018 \$ 58,160,798	\$ 1,247,056	Reclassifications \$ -	\$ 59,407,854
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783	\$ - (4,197,886)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519 283,108,604 (37,376,311) (124,539,688)	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249 3,102,743 (3,641,185) (3,404,706)	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186) (622,767)	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582 285,588,580 (41,017,496) (127,944,394)
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519 283,108,604 (37,376,311) (124,539,688) (24,018,067)	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249 3,102,743 (3,641,185) (3,404,706) (1,824,221)	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186) (622,767) 622,861	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582 285,588,580 (41,017,496) (127,944,394) (25,219,427)
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519 283,108,604 (37,376,311) (124,539,688) (24,018,067) (185,934,066)	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249 3,102,743 (3,641,185) (3,404,706) (1,824,221) (8,870,112)	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) (4,197,886) (630,186) (622,767) - 622,861 622,861	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582 285,588,580 (41,017,496) (127,944,394) (25,219,427) (194,181,317)
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 58,160,798 7,355,023 65,515,821 92,440,555 160,035,530 30,632,519 283,108,604 (37,376,311) (124,539,688) (24,018,067)	\$ 1,247,056 4,363,727 5,610,783 420,927 116,567 2,565,249 3,102,743 (3,641,185) (3,404,706) (1,824,221)	\$ - (4,197,886) (4,197,886) - 7,419 (630,186) (622,767) 622,861	\$ 59,407,854 7,520,864 66,928,718 92,861,482 160,159,516 32,567,582 285,588,580 (41,017,496) (127,944,394) (25,219,427)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Depreciation is charged to functions as follows:

	2020			2019		
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$	2,522,048	\$	1,664,672		
Public safety		1,598,448		2,019,755		
Culture and recreation		2,335,791		2,363,274		
Public works		2,388,661		2,822,411		
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	8,844,948	\$	8,870,112		

Depreciation on capital assets held by the City's Internal Service Funds, which are predominantly related to governmental activities, is charged to various functions based on their usage of the assets and included in the amounts above.

Construction in progress consists of the following at September 30, 2020:

		Expended		
	Project Authorization	Through September 30, 2020	Committed September 30, 2020	
Community Services Improvements Street Improvements Other	\$ 2,229,572 1,650,112 10,634,430	\$ 1,922,087 1,506,103 4,407,400	\$ 307,485 144,009 6,227,030	
Total	\$ 14,514,114	\$ 7,835,590	\$ 6,678,524	

The "project authorization" and "committed" amounts above are based on City estimates of total project costs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A summary of changes in business-type capital assets follows:

	Balance October 1, 2019	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 564,612	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 564,612
Construction in progress	2,785,921	851,398	(3,476,494)	160,825
	3,350,533	851,398	(3,476,494)	725,437
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Utility plant in service	80,435,782	3,605,594	-	84,041,376
Buildings and improvements	509,262	245,965	-	755,227
Machinery and equipment	4,055,559	146,065		4,201,624
Total depreciable	85,000,603	3,997,624		88,998,227
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Utility plant in service	(36,372,251)	(1,608,804)	-	(37,981,055)
Buildings and improvements	(275,282)	(50,392)	-	(325,674)
Machinery and equipment	(2,853,246)	(249,225)	-	(3,102,471)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,500,779)	(1,908,421)		(41,409,200)
Total depreciable - net	45,499,824	2,089,203		47,589,027
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 48,850,357	\$ 2,940,601	\$ (3,476,494)	\$ 48,314,464
	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals/ Reclassifications	Balance September 30, 2019
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	October 1,	Additions	•	September 30,
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	October 1,	Additions	•	September 30,
	October 1, 2018		Reclassifications	September 30, 2019
Land Construction in progress	October 1, 2018 \$ 564,612	\$ -	Reclassifications	\$ 564,612
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372	\$ - (422,533) (422,533)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139	\$ - 1,685,372	\$ - (422,533)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) 410,881	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) 410,881 - (42,480)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) 410,881	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) 410,881 - (42,480)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Utility plant in service	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) 410,881 - (42,480)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399 83,878,800	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640 753,402	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) (422,533) (422,480) (42,480) (368,401)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559 85,000,603
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399 83,878,800	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640 753,402 (1,594,357)	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) (422,533) (422,480) (42,480) (368,401)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559 85,000,603
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399 83,878,800 (34,778,436) (258,307)	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640 753,402 (1,594,357) (16,975)	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) (422,533) (422,480) (42,480) (368,401)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559 85,000,603
Land Construction in progress Capital Assets Being Depreciated Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable Less Accumulated Depreciation for Utility plant in service Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 564,612 1,523,082 2,087,694 79,936,139 509,262 3,433,399 83,878,800 (34,778,436) (258,307) (2,642,566)	\$ - 1,685,372 1,685,372 88,762 - 664,640 753,402 (1,594,357) (16,975) (252,942)	\$ - (422,533) (422,533) (422,533) (422,480) (42,480) (368,401)	\$ 564,612 2,785,921 3,350,533 80,435,782 509,262 4,055,559 85,000,603 (36,372,251) (275,282) (2,853,246)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Construction in progress consists of the following at September 30, 2020:

	Expended Through Committee Project September 30, Septembe Authorization 2020 2020					
Water Other	\$ 509,400 90,000	\$ 90,129 70,696	\$ 419,271 19,304			
Total	\$ 599,400	\$ 160,825	\$ 438,575			

Note 7: Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Oct	ober 01, 2019		Additions	F	Reductions	Septe	ember 30, 2020	Cur	rent Portion
Governmental Activities										
Bonds payable and premiums										
General obligation bonds	\$	40,890,000	\$	-	\$	(2,455,000)	\$	38,435,000	\$	2,540,000
Certificates of obligation		14,665,000		-		(780,000)		13,885,000		810,000
Loan from Direct Borrowing		-		575,000		-		575,000		80,000
Tax Notes		860,000		-		(165,000)		695,000		170,000
Premium		3,947,087		-		(287,422)		3,659,665		286,052
Total long-term debt		60,362,087		575,000		(3,687,422)		57,249,665		3,886,052
Compensated absences		6,101,327		2,070,379		(2,275,998)		5,895,708		2,408,968
Governmental Activities	_					(# 0 ca 4a 0)				
Long-term liabilities	2	66,463,414	\$	2,645,379	\$	(5,963,420)	\$	63,145,373	\$	6,295,020
	0-4	ahar 04 2040		Additions		Reductions	Comt		C	rent Portion
Governmental Activities	001	ober 01, 2018		Auditions		Reductions	Зери	ember 30, 2019	Cui	rent Fortion
Bonds payable and premiums	e	25 705 000	e	7 225 000	\$	(2.120.000)	\$	40 000 000	e	2 455 000
General obligation bonds	\$	35,785,000	\$	7,225,000	2	(2,120,000)	\$	40,890,000	\$	2,455,000
Certificates of obligation Sales tax revenue bonds		13,395,000		1,950,000		(680,000)		14,665,000		780,000
Dures with terrende conds		105,000		-		(105,000)		-		165,000
Tax Notes		1,020,000		-		(160,000)		860,000		165,000
		2.741.504		452 (10		(0.40.115)				
Premium		3,741,584		453,618		(248,115)		3,947,087		287,422
Premium Total long-term debt payable		3,741,584 54,042,648	_	453,618 9,628,618		(3,313,115)		3,947,087 60,358,151		3,687,422
	_		-	,-				-)		
Total long-term debt payable				,-	_			-)		
Total long-term debt payable Capital lease	_	54,042,648		9,628,618	_	(3,313,115)	<u> </u>	60,358,151	\$	3,687,422

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

	Oct	ober 01, 2019	A	dditions	R	eductions	Septe	mber 30, 2020	Curi	ent Portion
Business-type Activities										
Bonds payable and premiums										
General obligation bonds	\$	6,760,000	\$	-	\$	(940,000)	\$	5,820,000	\$	855,000
Certificates of obligation		2,670,000		-		(310,000)		2,360,000		320,000
Premium		493,730		-		(65,577)		428,153		65,577
Total bonds payable		9,923,730		-		(1,315,577)		8,608,153		1,240,577
Compensated absences		281,874		409,448		(388,329)		302,993		124,334
Business-type Activities Long-term liabilities	\$	10,205,604	\$	409,448	\$	(1,703,906)	\$	8,911,146	\$	1,364,911
	Oct	ober 01, 2018	A	dditions	R	eductions	Septe	mber 30, 2019	Curi	ent Portion
Business-type Activities										
Bonds payable and premiums										
General obligation bonds	\$	7,780,000	\$	-	\$	(1,020,000)	\$	6,760,000	\$	930,000
Certificates of obligation		2,965,000		-		(295,000)		2,670,000		320,000
Premium		562,777		-		(69,047)		493,730		65,577
Total bonds payable		11,305,730		-		(1,384,047)		9,921,683		1,315,577
Compensated absences		243,728		388,329		(350,183)		281,874		50,780
Business-type Activities Long-term liabilities	\$	11,549,458	\$	388,329	\$	(1,734,230)	\$	10,203,557	\$	1,366,357

Substantially all vacation and sick leave is paid by the General Fund and Enterprise Funds. Accrued vacation and sick pay are reported in governmental funds only if termination has occurred and the balance is due at year-end. The General Fund is the governmental fund which primarily is responsible for liquidating the net pension and other postemployment liabilities for the governmental activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

	Outstanding	Due Next Year
Tax Notes \$1,180,000 Series 2017 Tax Notes due in annual installments of of \$160,000 to \$180,000 through August 2024, plus interest at 1.790%	\$ 695,000	\$ 170,000
Tax and Water and Sewer (Limited Pledge)		
Certificates of Obligation \$2,030,000 Series 2009 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$145,000 through August 2029, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.625%, partially refunded in July 2017	\$ 105,000	\$ 105,000
\$7,355,000 Series 2014 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$265,000 to \$495,000 through August 2034, plus interest at 3.00% to 3.75%	5,585,000	325,000
\$3,750,000 Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$95,000 to \$185,000 through August 2035, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	2,130,000	110,000
$\$4,\!905,\!000$ Series 2016 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of $\$175,\!000$ to $\$345,\!000$ through August 2036, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	4,185,000) 195,000
\$1,950,000 Series 2019 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$125,000 through August 2038, plus interest at 3.00%	1,880,000	75,000
Certificates of obligation	\$ 13,885,000	\$ 810,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

	Outstanding	Due Next Year	
Tax and Water and Sewer (Limited Pledge) General Obligation			
\$2,960,000 Series 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$350,000 through August 2022, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	\$ 475,000	\$ 350,000	
\$15,565,000 Series 2012 General Obligation Improvement Bonds due in annual installments of \$255,000 to \$870,000 through August 2042, plus interest at 2.00% to 3.375%	13,190,000	370,000	
\$1,810,000 Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$205,000 through August 2023, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	585,000	185,000	
\$5,705,000 Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$290,000 to \$585,000 through August 2026, plus interest at 2.00% to 3.50%	3,230,000	520,000	
\$4,915,000 Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$370,000 through August 2027, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	2,355,000	300,000	
\$1,345,000 Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$160,000 through September 2028, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	1,110,000	125,000	
\$4,945,000 Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$340,000 through September 2038, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	4,570,000	185,000	
\$4,950,000 Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$340,000 through September 2038, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	4,570,000	185,000	
\$1,500,000 Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$190,000 through August 2029, plus interest at 2.190%	1,375,000	60,000	
\$7,225,000 Series 2019 General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$250,000 to \$470,000 through August 2039, plus interest at 2.5% to 4.5%	6,975,000	260,000	
General obligation	\$ 38,435,000	\$ 2,540,000	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Business-type Activities

	Outstanding	Due Next Year	
Certificates of Obligation \$4,070,000 Series 2009 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$120,000 to \$290,000 through August 2029, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.625%, partially refunded in July 2017	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000	
\$3,750,000 Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$80,000 through August 2035, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	915,000	45,000	
\$1,360,000 Series 2018 Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$75,000 through August 2038, plus interest at 0.13% to 1.53%	1,235,000	65,000	
Total certificates of obligation	\$ 2,360,000	\$ 320,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds \$2,395,000 Series 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$285,000 through August 2022, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00% \$1,215,000 Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$135,000 through August 2023, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00% \$2,125,000 Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$160,000 to \$315,000 through August 2026, plus interest at 2.00% to 3.50%	\$ 415,000 380,000 940,000	\$ 285,000 120,000 180,000	
\$4,915,000 Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$160,000 through August 2027, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	980,000	130,000	
\$1,070,000 Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$90,000 to \$125,000 through September 2028, plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00%	890,000	100,000	
\$2,350,000 Series 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$285,000 through August 2029, plus interest of 2.190%	2,215,000	40,000	
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 5,820,000	\$ 855,000	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Certain bond issues contain a provision that allows the City to prepay or call the bonds at no premium.

The annual requirements including interest to amortize all long-term debt outstanding at September 30, 2020, follow:

Year Ending	Ending Governmental Activities					Ending Governmental Activities						ре Ас	tivities
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest						
2021	\$	3,600,000	\$	1,934,117	\$	1,175,000	\$	240,731					
2022		3,470,000		1,822,517		1,035,000		202,339					
2023		3,455,000		1,699,234		945,000		170,166					
2024		3,370,000		1,569,546		815,000		138,947					
2025		3,310,000		1,445,434		855,000		114,296					
2026-2030		13,590,000		5,511,350		2,410,000		268,619					
2031-2035		12,770,000		3,219,123		720,000		76,862					
2036-2040		8,320,000		1,175,375		225,000		6,795					
2041-2045		1,705,000		110,150									
Total	\$	53,590,000	\$	18,486,846	\$	8,180,000	\$	1,218,755					

Loan from Direct Borrowing

During 2020, the City entered into a loan agreement with First National Bank of Texas for \$575,000, Series 2020 Public Property Finance Contractual Obligation. The loan is due in annual installments of \$75,000 to \$90,000 through 2027, plus interest of 2.75%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plans

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City participates as one of over 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by TMRS. TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the *TMRS Act*, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS' defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> TMRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options.

Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24 or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

A summary of plan provisions for the City are as follows:

Employee deposit rate: 7%
Matching ratio (City to Employee): 2 to 1
Years required for vesting 5 years

Service retirement eligibility 20 years at any age, 5 years at

Updated service credit

Annuity increase to retirees*

age 60 and above
100% repeating
30% of CPI-U

*TMRS allows cities to calculate Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) for retirees on an annual or ad hoc basis. The City has opted for the ad hoc basis calculation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

At the December 31, 2019, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	292
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	202
Active employees	397
	891

Contributions: The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150% or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Hurst were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Hurst were 11.11% and 10.85% in calendar years 2020 and 2019, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020, were \$2,942,083 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability: The City's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation	2.50%

Overall payroll growth 3.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global equity	30.00%	5.30%
Core fixed income	10.00%	1.25%
Non-core fixed income	20.00%	4.14%
Real return	10.00%	3.85%
Real estate	10.00%	4.00%
Absolute return	10.00%	3.48%
Private equity	10.00%	7.75%
Total	100.00%	

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Changes in the Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Assets (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at October 1, 2019	\$ 174,356,338	\$ 145,428,544	28,927,794
Changes for the year			
Service cost	4,294,773	-	4,294,773
Interest	11,603,397	-	11,603,397
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	635,990	-	635,990
Changes of assumptions	286,317	-	286,317
Contributions – employer	-	2,942,019	(2,942,019)
Contributions – employee	-	1,879,028	(1,879,028)
Net investment income	-	22,463,670	(22,463,670)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(9,203,080)	(9,203,080)	-
Administrative expense	-	(127,039)	127,039
Other changes		(3,816)	3,816
Net changes	7,617,397	17,950,782	(10,333,385)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 181,973,735	\$ 163,379,326	\$ 18,594,409

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 42,578,202	\$ 18,594,409	\$ (1,273,435)

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u> For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,305,971.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	930,426	\$	484,048
Changes of assumptions		338,046		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		5,055,562
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		2,197,634		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	3,466,106	\$	5,539,610

\$2,197,634 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ (1,122,500) (1,307,910) 544,729 (2,385,457)
Total	\$ (4,271,138)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 9: Interfund Balances

Interfund Due To/Due From balances are primarily used to recognize: (1) internal allocations to internal service funds from other funds receiving services, (2) services provided by the General Fund to the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund, (3) street rental fees from the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund due to the General Fund and (4) services provided by the General Fund to the Anti-Crime Special Revenue and HCDC Special Revenue Funds. These interfund balances are typically paid in the following fiscal year. At September 30, 2020, the respective interfund balances follow:

	<u>Dı</u>	ie From	Dı	ue To
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental funds	\$	31,549	\$	31,549
	\$	31,549	\$	31,549

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2020, follows:

	Transf	ers In	Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,195,230
Anti-Crime		4,282		50,000
Special Projects Capital Projects Fund	2,9	942,718		-
Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund		-		100,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,6	641,565		1,595,847
Internal service funds	3	352,512		
	\$ 4,9	941,077	\$	4,941,077

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

The HCDC Special Revenue Fund transferred funds to the HCDC Debt Service Fund so that required debt service payments are funded.

The General Fund transferred an excess of revenues over expenditures to the Special Projects Fund for emergency reserves, Human Resources investment, redevelopment, and unfunded needs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Note 10: Indirect Cost/Street Rental Fees

The General Fund provides certain general and administrative services and use of the City's streets to the proprietary fund types. Charges for such services totaled \$5,158,279 in 2020 and \$6,483,122 in 2019 and are reflected as reductions of expenditures in the General Fund and as expenses in the proprietary fund types.

Note 11: Water and Sewer Contracts

On May 9, 2018, the City entered into a 20-year contract with the City of Fort Worth for the transportation, treatment and disposal of sanitary sewage and other wastes. Under the terms of the contract, the City is obligated to make payments for sewage actually discharged and to share in the cost of operation and maintenance of the system. Sewer charges for 2020 under this contract were approximately \$2,599,183.

On November 16, 2010, the City entered into a 20-year contract with the City of Fort Worth for the purchase of water. The City is obligated to pay varying amounts based on annual consumption and new rates established under the terms of the contract. During 2020, water purchases under the contract cost approximately \$4,180,130

In 1969, the City entered into a 30-year contract with the Trinity River Authority of Texas (Authority) for the transportation, treatment and disposal of sanitary sewage and other wastes. Under the terms of the contract, the City is obligated to make payments for sewage actually discharged and to share in the cost of operation and maintenance of the system. The Authority wastewater transportation contracts expired January 1, 2000; however, operations have continued under the previous agreement by mutual consent pending development of a new contract.

In 1975, the City entered into another contract expiring in 2023 with the Authority for the construction of a wastewater collection point on the Authority's system. The contract enables the City to utilize the Authority's system for disposal of wastewater. Under the terms of the contract, the City is obligated to share in the cost of the operation and maintenance of the system based on sewage actually discharged. Wastewater treatment charges incurred during 2020 under the 1969 and 1975 contracts with the Authority approximates \$2,073,199.

Note 12: Contingent Liabilities

Grant Programs

The City participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Litigation

The City is party to several legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel and management, the City has adequate legal defense and/or insurance coverage regarding each of these actions and does not believe that they will materially affect the City's operations or financial position. The amount of ultimate loss, if any, could differ materially.

Note 13: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To transfer some of the financial risk that would occur from these exposures, the City carries general, law enforcement, errors and omissions, and automobile liability insurance. The City also carries real and personal, flood and earthquake, boiler and machinery, and mobile equipment property insurance. Coverage amounts and deductibles vary. Property losses are insured on an "all-risk" basis with a basic \$10,000 deductible. The City also purchased fidelity bonds and insurance to protect the City from employee dishonesty and theft by others.

The City established a Loss Reserve Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for the City's largest uninsured category, employee health care benefits. Under this program, the fund pays for medical claims and administrative costs to the health care provider. The administrative costs include an annual amount for coverage of claims exceeding \$150,000 per covered person, a cost for potential claims after an attachment point of approximately \$6,000,000 per year and costs of administering the program, about \$1,500 per employee. During the course of the program, the attachment point for aggregate claims has never been reached.

All operating funds of the City make payments to the Loss Reserve Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to adjust a reserve for catastrophic losses. A consulting firm provides an analysis. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage in each of the past three fiscal years.

Accrued claims payable, including claims that are incurred but not reported, are recorded as fund liabilities. The provision for claims is determined by estimating the amount which will ultimately be paid based on the City's experience.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Changes in the Funds' claims liability amount and administrative service amounts in fiscal years 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

			Cu	ırrent Year					
	Beg	ginning of	C	laims and					End of
	Fis	scal Year	C	hanges in			Claims	Fis	cal Year
	L	iability	E	stimates		P	ayments	L	iability
Loss Reserve Fund									
2018-2019	\$	403,847	\$	5,347,655	Claims	\$	5,367,078	\$	384,424
					ASO	\$	1,461,522		
2019-2020	\$	384,424	\$	6,398,246	Claims	\$	5,171,500	\$	328,000
					ASO	\$	1,283,170		
General Fund –									
General Liability									
2018-2019	\$	100,000	\$	173,146		\$	176,146	\$	100,000
2019-2020	\$	100,000	\$	-		\$	-	\$	100,000

Note 14: Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description

The City offers retired employees and their dependents the option to retain health and dental insurance coverage under the City's plan through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City of Hurst Post-Retirement Health Care Plan Trust. Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) is the Trust Administrator. The governing body of the Trust is composed of a coalition of member public agencies. Each member public agency appoints its individual plan administrator to serve as a member of the governing body. Certain provisions of the Trust may be changed by a two-thirds vote of the members of the governing body. A more detailed description of the plan is as follows:

Eligibility

The benefit is available to retirees and their spouses.

An employee must resign and satisfy the requirements for service retirement under the TMRS with at least 10 years of consecutive full-time service with the City immediately prior to retirement or, effective April 1, 2002, have a minimum of 25 years of full-time service with the City including a minimum of eight consecutive years of full-time service with the City immediately prior to retirement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

A retiree or his/her spouse is INELIGIBLE for coverage if he or she is eligible for any other group coverage through employment and will be required to certify this information.

A retiree/spouse who is not eligible when the employee retires is not eligible to rejoin at a later date. If an eligible retiree/spouse waives coverage at any time, they are not eligible for reinstatement in the future.

Benefits Provided

AFTER AGE 65 – Enroll in Medicare Advantage Plan, currently Humana. For each qualified retiree/spouse the City will contribute to the cost of a Group Medicare Advantage Plan for the eligible retiree/spouse in lieu of coverage through the City of Hurst Retiree Health Plan (retiree/spouse must be eligible to enroll). Eligible participating retirees and spouses age 65+ have the option to select a supplementary Medigap policy or another Medicare Advantage plan of their choice, and the City will reimburse the retiree and/or spouse what the City would have contributed for the retiree and/or spouse to the currently provided Medicare Advantage plan with documentation of the retiree's and/or spouse's monthly payment for the alternative policy/plan. The retiree and/or spouse will be responsible for the remainder of the premium. Eligible retirees/spouses must enroll in Medicare once eligible and pay the Medicare premiums.

BEFORE AGE 65 – Enroll in the City's Retiree Health Plan. The City will contribute to the cost of the eligible retiree/spouse/dependent coverage. The eligible retiree will also contribute towards this coverage and the cost will vary based on the eligible retiree's years of consecutive full-time service to the City immediately prior to TMRS service retirement and level of coverage. Upon reaching the age of 65, the retiree/spouse will have the AFTER AGE 65 options listed above.

Surviving Dependents

If an eligible retiree and his/her eligible dependents are covered by the City of Hurst Retiree Health Plan and the retiree dies:

The surviving spouse may continue as a survivor under the plan up to age 65. He/she may continue eligible dependent coverage with the City's plan by paying the applicable retiree/dependent cost based on the retiree's years of consecutive service with the City of Hurst immediately prior to the eligible retiree's TMRS service retirement. Surviving spouses/dependents must continue to meet eligibility requirements.

At age 65, the surviving spouse may be covered by the City's Medicare Advantage plan in effect at the time by paying 100% of the Medicare Advantage premium as long as he/she continues to meet eligibility requirements. Retiree reimbursement option is not available to surviving spouses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Life Insurance

Effective for employees retiring October 1, 1997, or later, the City continues life insurance for the retiree at 50% of the City provided life insurance the retiree had as an active employee at no cost to the retiree. Effective October 1, 2011, the maximum retiree life insurance is \$75,000. The amount of retiree life insurance coverage is subject to the same percentage reductions as active employees at age 70 or older.

Dental

Eligible retirees may continue the dental coverage they had for themselves and their eligible dependents on their date of retirement by paying 100% of the premium. There is no City contribution.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: THE CITY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO AMEND, MODIFY, AND/OR TERMINATE ITS PARTICIPATION WITH RETIREE COVERAGE AT ANY TIME. NO PERSON SHALL BE VESTED IN ANY RIGHT UNDER THIS POLICY OF RETIREE COVERAGE.

A measurement date of December 31, 2019, was used for the September 30, 2020, liability and expense. The information that follows was determined as of a valuation date of December 31, 2019.

At December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	150
Active employees	352
Total employees	502

The City Manager has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the OPEB plan. Though the City has established a trust under the OPEB plan, the City employs a pay-as-you-go method for funding annually required benefit payments.

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized in the Asset Class table below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Investment Policy

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the City. The current asset allocation policy at the end of 2020 is as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity	60.00%
Fixed Income	35.00%
Cash	5.00%
Total	100.00%

Concentrations

All of the Plan's investments are held with Public Agency Retirement Services in the Balanced Strategy Growth Fund.

Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was (19.90)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>: The City's net OPEB liability of \$13,761,884 (\$10,972,350 governmental activities and \$2,789,534 business-type activities) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Discount Rate	5.05% as of December 31, 2019 (5.21% as of December 31, 2018)
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation
Demographic Assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2018, as conducted for the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS).
Mortality	For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the MP tables to account for future mortality improvements.
Health Care Trend Rates	Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.15% after 15 years
Participation Rates	Participation rates vary based on years of City service. For employees with over 20 years of City service, participation rates vary from 35% to 95%.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

<u>Discount Rate:</u> Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects: (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of developing the single discount rate, the City's future contributions were based on a 30-year, open amortization. Based on this funding policy, the last year in the single discount rate projection period for which projected benefit payments were fully funded was 2049.

For the purpose of the December 31, 2019, valuation, the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 6.75%; the municipal bond rate is 2.75% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 5.05%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability:

Change in the Net OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 20,320,529	\$ 3,349,831	\$ 16,970,698	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	792,053	=	792,053	
Interest	1,061,546	-	1,061,546	
Difference between expected				
and actual experience	(3,560,217)	-	(3,560,217)	
Changes of assumptions	599,659	-	599,659	
Contributions – employer	-	1,433,489	(1,433,489)	
Net investment income	-	677,555	(677,555)	
Benefit payments	(682,789)	(682,789)	-	
Administrative expense		(9,189)	9,189	
Net changes	(1,789,748)	1,419,066	(3,208,814)	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 18,530,781	\$ 4,768,897	\$ 13,761,884	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rates: The net OPEB liability of the City has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.05%. The following presents the net OPEB liability using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current discount rate.

		Current					
	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (4.05%)	Discount Rate Assumption (5.05%)	1%Increase in Discount Rate (6.05%)				
Net OPEB liability	\$ 15,997,264	\$ 13,761,884	\$ 11,831,940				

The net OPEB liability of the City has been calculated using the assumed health care cost trend rates of 7.00% decreasing to 4.15%. The following presents the net OPEB liability using health care cost trend rates 1.00% higher and 1.00% lower than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current	
	Healthcare	
	Cost Trend	
	Rate	
1% Decrease	Assumption	1%Increase
\$ 12,238,014	\$ 13,761,884	\$ 15,583,397
		Cost Trend Rate 1% Decrease Assumption

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,217,406. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,114,423		
Changes of assumptions		894,851		42,351		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB investments		-		189,804		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,207,751				
Total	\$	2,102,602	\$	3,346,578		

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before fiscal year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Outflows/(Inflov) of Resources			
	\$	(390,522)		
2022		(390,520)		
2023		(344,880)		
2024		(424,758)		
2025		(405,449)		
Thereafter		(495,598)		
Total	_\$	(2,451,727)		

Note 15: Tax Abatement Disclosures

As of September 30, 2020, the City offers tax incentives under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. Chapter 380 of the Local Government Code authorizes municipalities to offer incentives designed to promote economic development such as commercial and retail projects. Specifically, it provides for offering loans and grants of city funds or services to promote state and local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity. There are no other economic development programs that provide for tax incentives currently offered by the City of Hurst.

In 1987, Texas voters approved a constitutional amendment allowing for public expenditures to support economic development activities. The amendment explicitly provides for programs that use public funds for the purposes of development and diversification of the state's economy. Then in 1989, Chapter 380 of the Local Government code greatly expanded this by enabling municipalities to also engage in using public funds to support economic development. Chapter 380 agreements do not require a year limit and allows municipalities to provide monies, loans, city personnel and city services for the promotion and encouragement of economic development. Although Chapter 380 provides for broad use of city resources, the City closely evaluates each proposed 380 agreement on a case by case basis. While the City typically places a hard cap on years and financial support, whichever occurs first, we do have one agreement that does not cap the number of years and only expires when the total financial support is met. The year and financial caps are negotiated in each distinct agreement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2020

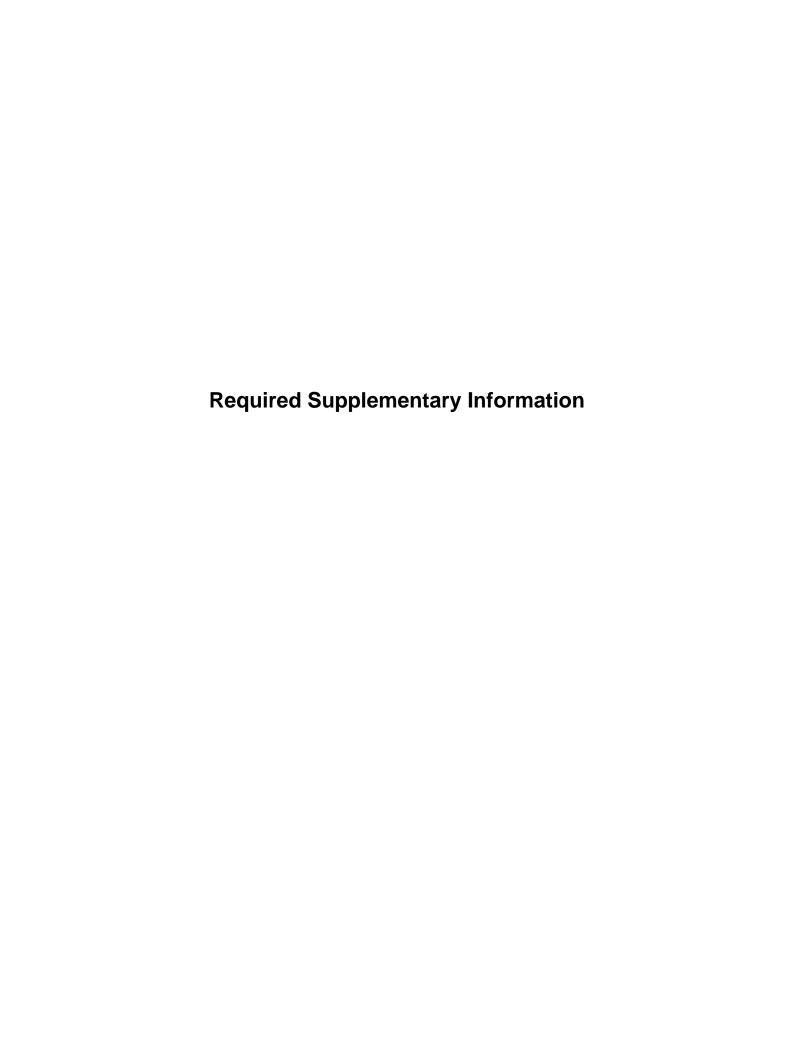
The City has six active 380 agreements covering retail, hospitality, and entertainment. In each case a combination of tax incentives was used in the negotiations, including property, sales and hotel occupancy tax. Under the 380 agreements, tax incentives are considered a "tax sharing" agreement. This means that no taxes are actually abated, rather all taxes must be paid in full to the City and the City will provide a payment to the entity each year equal to the amount authorized in their respective contracts. Through sharing revenue under chapter 380, the City is able to verify that the entity has completed their requirements as outlined in their contract.

In FY 20, the City of Hurst rebated (abated) \$1,124,462 in property and sales taxes. The table below summarizes the tax sharing agreements in place for FY 20.

Company	% of Property Taxes Abated	% of Sales Taxes Abated	' '.		otal Taxes Abated	
Simon Properties	N/A	65%	N/A	\$	744,707	
Hurst One, LLC	50%	75%	N/A	\$	129,497	
Sky Group Investments	40%	0%	N/A	\$	12,937	
CN Churchill IV LLC	100%	0%	100%/90%	\$	237,321	
EREP Sprouts Crossing I, LLC	0%	0%	N/A	\$	-	
Phillips Edison	0%	0%	N/A	\$	-	

Of the six active 380 agreements, the City did not rebate any taxes to EREP Sprouts Crossing I, LLC or to Phillips Edison as they did not meet their performance requirements.







Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in The City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – TMRS Last 10 Years* (Unaudited)

	Measurement Year 2014	Measurement Year 2015	Measurement Year 2016	Measurement Year 2017	Measurement Year 2018	Measurement Year 2019
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$ 3,237,732	\$ 3,659,696	\$ 3,973,289	\$ 4,106,510	\$ 4,141,532	\$ 4,294,773
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	9,694,314	10,074,733	10,295,405	10,751,911	11,221,017	11,603,397
Difference between expected						
and actual experience	(1,004,246)	(346,324)	502,382	764,482	(778,214)	635,990
Change of assumptions	-	2,268,583	-	-	-	286,317
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	(6,537,857)	(6,870,568)	(7,556,886)	(8,592,383)	(8,789,026)	(9,203,080)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	5,389,943	8,786,120	7,214,190	7,030,520	5,795,309	7,617,397
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	140,140,256	145,530,199	154,316,319	161,530,509	168,561,029	174,356,338
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	145,530,199	154,316,319	161,530,509	168,561,029	174,356,338	181,973,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	2,402,228	2,450,163	2,376,553	2,687,273	2,806,311	2,942,019
Contributions - employee	1,570,083	1,688,782	1,727,426	1,789,807	1,810,318	1,879,028
Net investment income	7,524,651	201,292	9,037,883	19,293,284	(4,620,014)	22,463,670
Benefit payments, including refunds	(6,537,857)	(6,870,568)	(7,556,886)	(8,592,383)	(8,789,026)	(9,203,080)
of employee contributions						
Administrative expense	(78,569)	(122,612)	(102,096)	(100,013)	(89,337)	(127,039)
Other	(6,459)	(6,056)	(5,503)	(5,069)	(4,667)	(3,817)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	4,874,077	(2,658,999)	5,477,377	15,072,899	(8,886,415)	17,950,781
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	131,549,606	136,423,683	133,764,684	139,242,061	154,314,960	145,428,545
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	136,423,683	133,764,684	139,242,061	154,314,960	145,428,545	163,379,326
City's Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 9,106,516	\$ 20,551,635	\$ 22,288,448	\$ 14,246,069	\$ 28,927,793	\$ 18,594,409
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	93.74%	86.68%	86.20%	91.55%	83.41%	89.78%
Covered Payroll	\$ 22,349,232	\$ 23,504,794	\$ 24,663,496	\$ 25,553,888	\$ 25,836,133	\$ 26,842,333
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	40.75%	87.44%	90.37%	55.75%	111.97%	69.27%

Other Information:

The discount rate changed from 7.00% to 6.75% for the 2016 valuation; there were no other changes in assumptions.

^{*}The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision of GASB 68, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions – TMRS Last 10 Years* (Unaudited)

	-	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the		\$ 2,462,235	\$ 2,468,088	\$ 2,604,026	\$ 2,736,709	\$ 2,904,605	\$ 2,910,714
actuarially determined contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		\$ (10,377)	\$ (4,043)	\$ (11,668)	2,760,558 \$ (23,849)	2,904,605 \$ -	\$ (35,581)
Covered Payroll		\$ 23,982,153	\$ 25,292,040	\$ 25,399,155	\$ 25,632,597	\$ 26,565,856	\$ 26,356,739
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		10.31%	9.77%	10.30%	10.77%	10.93%	11.18%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 26 years

Asset Valuation Method 10-year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 11.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's

plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2014 – 2018

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality

Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis

with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational

basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes Granted 30% ad hoc COLA.

^{*}The information in this schedule has been determined for the fiscal year end of the City and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision of GASB 68, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in The City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years* (Unaudited)

	Measurement Year 2017		Measurement Year 2018		Measurement Year 2019	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 689	9,481 \$	768,566	\$	792,053	
Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability)	981	1,235	1,004,827		1,061,546	
Difference between expected						
and actual experience		-	(67,845)		(3,560,217)	
Change of assumptions	644	1,834	(58,439)		599,659	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(0.40	210)	(600.004)		(600 500)	
of employee contributions	(849	,310)	(680,984)		(682,789)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,466	5,240	966,125		(1,789,748)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	17,888	3,164	19,354,404		20,320,529	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	19,354	1,404	20,320,529		18,530,781	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense	413 (849	7,112 3,998 ,310)	1,073,668 (171,374) (680,984) (7,904)		1,433,489 677,555 (682,789) (9,189)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	434	1,625	213,406		1,419,066	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	2,701	,800	3,136,425		3,349,831	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	3,136	5,425	3,349,831		4,768,897	
City's Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 16,217	7,979 \$	16,970,698	\$	13,761,884	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	16	5.21%	16.48%		25.74%	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 25,094	1,883 \$	25,064,769	\$	26,261,996	
City's Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	64	.63%	67.71%		52.40%	

Notes to schedule:

Changes of assumptions reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period: 2019 - 5.05%, 2018 - 5.21%, 2017 - 5.18%, 2016 - 5.51%

^{*}The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions – OPEB Last 10 Years* (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year 2018		Fiscal Year 2019		Fiscal Year 2020	
Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the	\$	1,044,493	\$	1,308,968	\$	1,348,237
actuarially determined contribution		1,103,792		1,512,327		1,350,433
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(59,299)	\$	(203,359)	\$	(2,196)
Covered Payroll	\$	26,669,986	\$	27,538,631	\$	26,767,738
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		4.14%		5.49%		5.05%
Notes to Schedule:						

Valuation Date: December 31, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percentage of pay
Amortization Period Open, 30-years
Asset Valuation Method Market value

Inflation 2.5%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after

15 years

Salary Increases 3.5% to 10.5%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return
6.85%, net of investment expense, including inflation
Retirement Age
Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's

plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2014 – 2018

Mortality For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are

used with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality

generational basis by scale BB to account for futu improvements.

*The information in this schedule has been determined for the fiscal year end of the City and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provisions, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns – OPEB Last 10 Years* (Unaudited)

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of
Plan Year	Return
2017	15.64 %
2018	(4.66) %
2019	19.90 %

^{*}The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – GAAP Basis

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2020				2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 15,264,513	\$ 15,264,513	\$ 15,147,257	\$ (117,256)	\$ 14,149,028
Penalties and interest	65,000	65,000	90,266	25,266	82,853
City sales taxes	9,054,197	9,054,197	9,913,411	859,214	10,314,407
Mixed beverage taxes	148,000	148,000	125,599	(22,401)	155,513
Franchise taxes	2,586,091	2,586,091	2,669,328	83,237	2,935,945
	27,117,801	27,117,801	27,945,861	828,060	27,637,746
Licenses and Permits					
Building inspection	780,000	780,000	790,736	10,736	1,058,007
Paving inspection	5,000	5,000	1,104	(3,896)	8,858
Other	13,000	13,000	19,430	6,430	24,220
	798,000	798,000	811,270	13,270	1,091,085
Intergovernmental					
Grants	451,745	451,745	3,024,057	2,572,312	981,914
	451,745	451,745	3,024,057	2,572,312	981,914
Fines and Fees					
Municipal court	1,339,259	1,339,259	1,110,342	(228,917)	1,480,642
Library	18,416	18,416	9,902	(8,514)	17,934
	1,357,675	1,357,675	1,120,244	(237,431)	1,498,576
Charges for Services					
Recreational activity fees	849,288	849,288	491,416	(357,872)	842,401
Aquatic fees	397,784	397,784	1,411	(396,373)	448,484
Ambulance fees	795,000	795,000	933,854	138,854	919,640
Other	-	129,850	100,947	(28,903)	108,523
	2,042,072	2,171,922	1,527,628	(644,294)	2,319,048
Miscellaneous					
Interest income	190,000	190,000	326,074	136,074	438,979
Miscellaneous	265,953	265,953	342,307	76,354	610,351
	455,953	455,953	668,381	212,428	1,049,330
	\$ 32,223,246	\$ 32,353,096	\$ 35,097,441	\$ 2,744,345	\$ 34,577,699

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – GAAP Basis (Continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2020							2019		
	Original			Final						
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
Expenditures										
General Government										
City Council	\$	50,020	\$	50,020	\$	9,534	\$	40,486	\$	25,074
City Secretary		440,219		440,219		283,622		156,597		256,190
Administration (City Manager)		771,521		771,521		494,101		277,420		489,861
Judicial (municipal court)		754,195		754,195		641,159		113,036		706,011
Development		799,998		799,998		480,056		319,942		505,223
Personnel		410,118		410,118		314,501		95,617		303,042
Accounting (finance)		449,943		449,943		246,441		203,502		193,881
Nondepartmental		2,457,435		2,457,435		1,459,451		997,984		967,332
Information systems		66,698		66,698		62,438		4,260		17,925
Building maintenance		685,370		685,370		295,386		389,984		355,950
Total general government		6,885,517		6,885,517		4,286,689		2,598,828		3,820,489
Public Safety										
Ambulance		1,410,985		1,410,985		1,464,509		(53,524)		1,434,993
Police		11,636,440		11,591,146		10,058,083		1,533,063		9,840,691
Fire		7,242,680		7,222,895		7,219,739		3,156		7,128,232
Total public safety		20,290,105		20,225,026		18,742,331		1,482,695		18,403,916
Culture and Recreation										
Administration		493,580		490,323		262,905		227,418		255,330
Recreation		1,482,512		1,473,172		1,146,696		326,476		1,362,778
Aquatics		479,610		479,610		73,585		406,025		384,327
Parks		2,523,952		2,515,115		2,076,108		439,007		2,340,134
Library		1,784,022		1,779,522		1,494,124		285,398		1,635,906
Senior citizens		599,410		599,410		479,226		120,184		595,104
Total culture and recreation		7,363,086		7,337,152		5,532,644		1,804,508		6,573,579
Public Works										
Streets		2,731,536		2,731,536		1,566,032		1,165,504		1,505,968
Engineering community development		312,701		312,701		156,372		156,329		108,234
Code enforcement		710,630		710,630		649,322		61,308		703,522
Total public works	_	3,754,867		3,754,867		2,371,726		1,383,141		2,317,724
Total Expenditures	\$	38,293,575	\$	38,202,562	\$	30,933,390	\$	7,269,172	\$	31,115,708
Excess of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	\$	(6,070,329)	\$	(5,849,466)	\$	4,164,051	\$	10,013,517	\$	3,461,991

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – GAAP Basis (Continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		2020							2019		
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	190,391	
Transfers out						(3,564,112)		(3,564,112)		(3,297,836)	
Total other financing uses						(3,514,112)		(3,514,112)		(3,107,445)	
Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(6	5,070,329)		(5,849,466)		649,939		6,499,405		354,546	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	14	14,811,144		14,811,144		14,811,144				14,456,598	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8	8,740,815	\$	8,961,678	\$	15,461,083	\$	6,499,405	\$	14,811,144	

Required Supplementary Information

Major Special Revenue Funds – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – GAAP Basis Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	HCDC								
		Original Budget		Final Budget		2020 Actual	V	/ariances	2019 Actual
Revenues									
Sales taxes	\$	4,833,937	\$	4,833,937	\$	4,816,339	\$	(17,598)	\$ 4,940,683
Support from governmental entities		-		-		-		-	-
Interest		55,000		55,000		72,034		17,034	90,708
Miscellaneous						5,957		5,957	 2,611
Total revenues		4,888,937		4,888,937		4,894,330		5,393	 5,034,002
Expenditures									
Public safety		-		-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		3,528,379		3,570,167		2,567,797		1,002,370	3,320,377
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay						324,268		(324,268)	 331,401
Total expenditures		3,528,379		3,570,167		2,892,065		678,102	 3,651,778
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,360,558		1,318,770		2,002,265		683,495	1,382,224
Other Financing Uses									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers out						(1,226,940)		(1,226,940)	 (1,350,813)
Total other financing uses						(1,226,940)		(1,226,940)	 (1,350,813)
Revenues over expenditures									
and other financing uses		1,360,558		1,318,770		775,325		(543,445)	31,411
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		3,967,927		3,967,927		3,967,927	_		 3,936,516
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,328,485	\$	5,286,697	\$	4,743,252	\$	(543,445)	\$ 3,967,927

Required Supplementary Information

Major Special Revenue Funds – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – GAAP Basis (Continued)
Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended
September 30, 2019

	Anti-Crime							
	Original Budget		Final Budget		2020 Actual			2019 Actual
Revenues								
Sales taxes	\$ 5,243,970	\$	5,243,970	\$	4,921,887	\$	(322,083)	\$ 5,250,689
Support from governmental entities	203,000		203,000		131,702		(71,298)	82,099
Interest	90,000		90,000		122,298		32,298	145,189
Miscellaneous	 29,645		29,645		22,615		(7,030)	 27,364
Total revenues	 5,566,615		5,566,615		5,198,502		(368,113)	 5,505,341
Expenditures								
Public safety	5,638,364		5,639,343		4,282,943		1,356,400	5,404,522
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		-	-
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay	 		-		81,213		(81,213)	 5,400
Total expenditures	 5,638,364		5,639,343		4,364,156		1,275,187	 5,409,922
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(71,749)		(72,728)		834,346		907,074	95,419
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers in	-		-		4,282		4,282	-
Transfers out	 -				(50,000)		(50,000)	 (47,700)
Total other financing uses	 		<u>-</u>		(45,718)		(45,718)	 (47,700)
Revenues over expenditures								
and other financing uses	(71,749)		(72,728)		788,628		861,356	47,719
Fund Balance — Beginning of Year	 5,782,771		5,782,771		5,782,771			 5,735,052
Fund Balance — End of Year	\$ 5,711,022	\$	5,710,043	\$	6,571,399	\$	861,356	\$ 5,782,771

Combining	Statements and	Individual Fund Sc	hedules



Fund Descriptions

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund – Used to account for all revenues and expenditures not accounted for in other funds.

NON MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Fund – To provide for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest as they come due. Property tax is required to be computed and levied which will be sufficient to produce the money required to pay principal and interest and fiscal agent fees as they come due.

The HCDC Debt Service Fund – To account for the sales tax revenue required to pay principal and interest and fiscal agent fees related to sales tax revenue bonds.

Hotel/Motel Debt Service Fund – To account for the hotel/motel tax revenue required to pay principal and interest and fiscal agent fees as they come due related to the construction of the Hurst Conference Center.

NON MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Street/Drainage Improvements Fund — To account for the financing and construction of various street and drainage projects. Financing was provided by general obligation bond proceeds and transfers from the General Fund.

- **2006 C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds and transfers from the Debt Service Fund to cover costs of financing.
- **2007 G.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of voter approved projects. Financing was provided by general obligation bond proceeds.
- **2007 C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds.
- **2009 C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds.
- **2015** C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds.
- **2016 C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds.
- 2017 Tax Notes Capital Projects Fund To account for the financing of a new fire engine.
- **2019 C.O. Bond Capital Projects Fund** To account for the financing and construction of designated projects. Financing was provided by certificate of obligation bond proceeds.

Escrow Projects Capital Projects Fund – To account for the construction of projects that are partially paid through escrow funds. Financing was provided by various sources including developer escrow funds.

City of Hurst

Fund Descriptions (Continued)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Fleet Service Fund – Used to account for the acquisition and financing of replacement vehicles of the General Fund and the repair and maintenance of all vehicles. Operations are financed by charges to user departments based on vehicle usage.

The Loss Reserve Fund – Used to account for the City's self-insurance health care program. The program is financed by charges to user departments based on the number of covered employees and dependents.

The Information Services Fund – Used to account for the personnel and operating costs of information services and the replacement cost of all computer related equipment. Operations are financed by charges to user departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets September 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets

	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,737,457	\$ 1,141,148
Investments	12,486,384	12,463,653
Taxes receivable	973,040	1,067,375
Court receivables	979,200	981,561
Accounts receivable	1,746,715	1,692,693
Inventories and other	1,881	1,883
Due from other funds	31,549	1,144,854
Total assets	\$ 18,956,226	\$ 18,493,167
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$ 2,313,411	\$ 2,432,329
Deposits, bonds, and other liabilities	76,733	140,853
Total liabilities	2,390,144	2,573,182
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue	1,104,999	1,108,841
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,104,999	1,108,841
Fund Balance		
Nonspendable		
Inventory	1,881	1,883
Spendable		
Restricted	5,844,743	5,083,249
Assigned	29,620	23,575
Unassigned	9,584,839	9,702,437
Total fund balance	15,461,083	14,811,144
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 18,956,226	\$ 18,493,167

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for September 30, 2019

			Capital Projects										
	Debt Service		Street/ Drainage Improvements		2006 CO Bond		2007 GO Bond		2007 CO Bond		2009 CO Bond		
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	26,774 1,141,799	\$	89,849 -	\$	-	\$	39,913	\$	43,128	\$	100,000	
Taxes Other		30,569		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,434	
Total assets	\$	1,199,142	\$	89,849	\$		\$	39,913	\$	43,128	\$	101,434	
Liabilities													
Accounts payable and accrued items Due to other funds	\$	38,783	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	31,549	
Total liabilities		38,783										31,549	
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Unavailable revenue		30,142											
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,142								-			
Fund Balances													
Restricted		1,130,217		89,849				39,913		43,128		69,885	
Total fund balances		1,130,217		89,849				39,913		43,128		69,885	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,199,142	\$	89,849	\$		\$	39,913	\$	43,128	\$	101,434	

Capital Projects

				Capital	Projects										
2	015 CO	2016			017	:	2019 CO				Totals				
	Bond	Во	nd	Tax	Tax Notes		Bonds		ojects		2020		2019		
\$	300,793 2,087,224	\$	-	\$	76 -	\$	1,751,557	\$	8,635	\$	509,168 5,080,580	\$	359,568 6,134,937		
	10,671		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,141		30,569 14,246		30,786 20,086		
\$	2,398,688	\$	_	\$	76	\$	1,751,557	\$	10,776	\$	5,634,563	\$	6,545,377		
\$	4,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	294,602	\$	-	\$	338,135 31,549	\$	38,783		
	4,750						294,602				369,684		38,783		
									<u>-</u>		30,142	_	26,076		
											30,142		26,076		
	2,393,938				76		1,456,955		10,776		5,234,737		6,480,518		
	2,393,938				76		1,456,955		10,776	_	5,234,737		6,480,518		
\$	2,398,688	\$	_	\$	76	\$	1,751,557	\$	10,776	\$	5,634,563	\$	6,545,377		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Capital Projects										
	Debt Service	Street/ Drainage Improvements	2006 CO Bond	2007 GO Bond	2007 CO Bond	2009 CO Bond						
Revenues												
Taxes, penalty and interest	\$ 3,792,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Interest	20,598	-	_	Ψ -	Ψ -	3,960						
Miscellaneous	2,720											
Total revenues	3,816,042					3,960						
Expenditures												
Bond principal payments	3,400,000	-	-	-	-	-						
Bond issue costs/interest	2,055,757	-	-	-	-	-						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Capital outlay						260,533						
Total expenditures	5,455,757					260,533						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	(1,639,715)	-	-	-	-	(256,573)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Transfers in	1,591,565	-	-	-	-	-						
Transfers out			(25)									
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,591,565		(25)									
Net Change in Fund Balance	(48,150)	-	(25)	-	-	(256,573)						
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,178,367	89,849	25	39,913	43,128	326,458						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,130,217	\$ 89,849	\$ -	\$ 39,913	\$ 43,128	\$ 69,885						

		Capital Projects				
2015 CO	2016 CO	2017	2019 CO	Escrow	То	otals
Bond	Bond	Tax Notes	Bond	Projects	2020	2019
S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,792,724	\$ 2,968,325
47,636	5 -	5 - 76	5 - 17,599	5 -	\$ 3,792,724 89,869	152,649
					2,720	132,047
47,636	-	76	17,599	-	3,885,313	3,120,974
-	-	-	-	-	3,400,000	3,065,000
-	-	-	-	-	2,055,757	1,855,604
-	-	-	-	-	-	37,969
439,044		575,000	567,300		1,841,877	33,257
439,044		575,000	567,300		7,297,634	4,991,830
(391,408)	-	(574,924)	(549,701)	-	(3,412,321)	(1,870,856)
_	-	575,000	_	_	575,000	1,950,000
-	-	-	-	-	· -	87,969
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	1,591,565	1,700,224
		-			(25)	(8,011)
		575,000			2,166,540	3,730,182
(391,408)	-	76	(549,701)	-	(1,245,781)	1,859,326
2,785,346			2,006,656	10,776	6,480,518	4,621,192
2,393,938	\$ -	\$ 76	\$ 1,456,955	\$ 10,776	\$ 5,234,737	\$ 6,480,518

Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for September 30, 2019

	Debt Service		HCDC Debt Service		Hotel/Motel Debt Service		Totals				
		Fund		Fund		und		2020		2019	
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	22,623 376,109	\$	- 765,690	\$	4,151	\$	26,774 1,141,799	\$	18,790 1,193,650	
Taxes		30,569					_	30,569		30,786	
Total assets	\$	429,301	\$	765,690	\$	4,151	\$	1,199,142	\$	1,243,226	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances											
Liabilities	Φ.	12.106		26.507				20.702		20.502	
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$	12,186	\$	26,597	\$		\$	38,783	\$	38,783	
Total liabilities		12,186		26,597				38,783		38,783	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue		30,142						30,142		26,076	
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,142						30,142		26,076	
Restricted Fund Balances		386,973		739,093		4,151		1,130,217		1,178,367	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	429,301	\$	765,690	\$	4,151	\$	1,199,142	\$	1,243,226	

Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Debt Service			Totals				
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2020	2019			
Revenues								
Taxes, penalty and interest	\$ 3,792,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,792,724	\$ 2,968,325			
Interest	11,897	8,701	-	20,598	68,385			
Miscellaneous	2,720			2,720				
Total revenues	3,807,341	8,701		3,816,042	3,036,710			
Expenditures								
Principal retirement	2,540,000	680,000	180,000	3,400,000	3,065,000			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,324,625	546,732	184,400	2,055,757	1,855,604			
Total expenditures	3,864,625	1,226,732	364,400	5,455,757	4,920,604			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(57,284)	(1,218,031)	(364,400)	(1,639,715)	(1,883,894)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Trans fers in	25	1,226,940	364,600	1,591,565	1,700,224			
Total other financing resources	25	1,226,940	364,600	1,591,565	1,700,224			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(57,259)	8,909	200	(48,150)	(183,670)			
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	444,232	730,184	3,951	1,178,367	1,362,037			
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 386,973	\$ 739,093	\$ 4,151	\$ 1,130,217	\$ 1,178,367			

Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Debt S	Service	
		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes, penalty and interest	\$ 3,799,447	\$ 3,792,724	\$ (6,723)	\$ 2,968,325
Interest	10,000	11,897	1,897	44,222
Miscellaneous		2,720	2,720	
Total revenues	3,809,447	3,807,341	(2,106)	3,012,547
Expenditures				
Principal retirement	2,540,000	2,540,000	-	2,135,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,320,410	1,324,625	(4,215)	1,093,801
Total expenditures	3,860,410	3,864,625	(4,215)	3,228,801
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(50,963)	(57,284)	(6,321)	(216,254)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in		25	25	8,011
Total other financing sources		25	25	8,011
Revenues and Other Financing				
Sources (Under) Expenditures	(50,963)	(57,259)	(6,296)	(208,243)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	444,232	444,232		652,475
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 393,269	\$ 386,973	\$ (6,296)	\$ 444,232

Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

			HCDC Del	ot Service		
			2020			2019
	Budget		Actual	Variance		Actual
Revenues						
Interest	\$	- \$	8,701	\$ 8,70	1 5	24,163
Miscellaneous						-
Total revenues		<u>-</u> _	8,701	8,70	1	24,163
Expenditures						
Principal retirement	680,00	00	680,000		-	760,000
Interest and fiscal charges	544,93	33	546,732	(1,79	9)	570,603
Total expenditures	1,224,93	33	1,226,732	(1,79	9)	1,330,603
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(1,224,93	33)	(1,218,031)	6,90	2	(1,306,440)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	1,224,93	33	1,226,940	2,00	7	1,330,813
Total other financing sources	1,224,93	33	1,226,940	2,00	7	1,330,813
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures		-	8,909	8,90	9	24,373
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	730,18	<u> </u>	730,184		<u>-</u> _	705,811
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 730,18	<u>\$4</u> \$	739,093	\$ 8,90	9 5	730,184

Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Continued)

Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Actual for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Hotel/Motel Debt Service									
		2020		2019						
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual						
Revenues										
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Miscellaneous				-						
Total revenues										
Expenditures										
Principal retirement	180,000	180,000	-	170,000						
Interest and fiscal charges	184,100	184,400	(300)	191,200						
Total expenditures	364,100	364,400	(300)	361,200						
Deficiency of revenues										
under expenditures	(364,100)	(364,400)	(300)	(361,200)						
Other Financing Sources										
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-						
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-						
Payment to bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-						
Transfers in	364,100	364,600	(500)	361,400						
Total other financing sources	364,100	364,600	(500)	361,400						
Revenues and Other Financing										
Sources Over Expenditures	-	200	(200)	200						
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,951	3,951		3,751						
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,951	\$ 4,151	\$ (200)	\$ 3,951						

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for September 30, 2019

	Fleet	Loss	Information	Totals		
	Service	Reserve	Services	2020	2019	
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,366	\$ 958,699	\$ 337,266	\$ 1,346,331 \$	2,513,308	
Investments Inventory of supplies, at cost	4,259,758 39,756	3,177,866	3,301,899	10,739,523 39,756	9,616,694 39,071	
Other receivables	35,131	10,305	16,712	62,148	59,954	
Prepaid expenses		165,000		165,000	165,000	
Total current assets	4,385,011	4,311,870	3,655,877	12,352,758	12,394,027	
Property and Equipment, at Cost						
Improvements other than buildings	433,451	-	-	433,451	433,451	
Machinery and equipment	6,804,219 172,333	-	6,122,469 311,646	12,926,688 483,979	12,257,627 352,227	
Construction in progress Accumulated depreciation	(6,163,735)	-	(5,138,732)	(11,302,467)	(10,582,093)	
Total property and equipment	1,246,268	_	1,295,383	2,541,651	2,461,212	
Total assets	5,631,279	4,311,870	4,951,260	14,894,409	14,855,239	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pension outflows	33,968	-	53,379	87,347	287,915	
Deferred OPEB outflows	28,969		34,679	63,648	62,786	
Total deferred outflows	62,937		88,058	150,995	350,701	
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 5,694,216	\$ 4,311,870	\$ 5,039,318	\$ 15,045,404 \$	15,205,940	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued items	\$ 44,225	\$ 343,336	\$ 52,661	\$ 440,222 \$	798,394	
Current portion of net OPEB liability	9,427	-	11,285	20,712	25,643	
Current portion of compensated absences	11,246		13,946	25,192	20,965	
Total current liabilities	64,898	343,336	77,892	486,126	845,002	
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Net pension liability	182,225	-	286,354	468,579	726,972	
Net OPEB liability, net of current portion	179,111	-	214,410	393,521	487,208	
Compensated absences	20,886		25,900	46,786	38,935	
Total liabilities	447,120	343,336	604,556	1,395,012	2,098,117	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension inflows	54,289	-	85,310	139,599	19,493	
Deferred OPEB inflows	45,848		54,885	100,733	7,429	
Total deferred inflows	100,137		140,195	240,332	26,922	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,246,268	_	1,295,383	2,541,651	2,461,212	
Unrestricted	3,900,691	3,968,534	2,999,184	10,868,409	10,619,689	
Total net position	5,146,959	3,968,534	4,294,567	13,410,060	13,080,901	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$ 5,694,216	\$ 4,311,870	\$ 5,039,318	\$ 15,045,404 \$	15,205,940	
and net position	\$ 5,05-1,210	3 7,511,070	2,037,310	2 25,015,101	10,200,710	

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for September 30, 2019

	Fleet		Loss	Informa	ition	To	tals	
	Service		Reserve	Servio	es	 2020		2019
Operating Revenues								
Service fees	\$ 1,790,	821 \$	6,084,632	\$ 1,98	34,669	\$ 9,860,122	\$	9,556,234
Other	24,	259	43,066		5,506	 72,831		57,210
	1,815,	080	6,127,698	1,99	90,175	 9,932,953		9,613,444
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services	413,	759	6,554,940	60	04,665	7,573,364		8,233,127
Contractual services		-	-	19	92,034	192,034		190,704
Repairs and maintenance	65,	868	-	49	92,792	558,660		561,633
Materials and supplies	673,	589	-	39	95,465	1,069,054		1,243,583
Depreciation and amortization	464,	557		2:	55,816	 720,373		794,800
	1,617,	773	6,554,940	1,94	10,772	 10,113,485		11,023,847
	197,	307	(427,242)	4	19,403	(180,532)		(1,410,403)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest	73,	171	59,675	:	51,596	184,442		248,559
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(27,2	263)	-		-	(27,263)		-
Gain on sale of property and equipment					-	 		49,930
	45,	908	59,675		51,596	 157,179		298,489
Transfers In			352,512		-	 352,512		1,752,831
Change in Net Position	243,	215	(15,055)	10	0,999	329,159		640,917
Net Position, Beginning of Year	4,903,	744	3,983,589	4,19	93,568	 13,080,901		12,439,984
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 5,146,	959 \$	3,968,534	\$ 4,29	94,567	\$ 13,410,060	\$	13,080,901

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2020 with Comparative Total for Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Post						Totals				
		Fleet ervice		Loss Reserve		formation Services		2020		2019	
Cash Flow from Operating Activities											
Receipts from customers and users	\$	18,923	S	43,066	\$	5,506	\$	67,495	\$	47,486	
Receipts from interfund services provided	*	1,790,821		6,084,632	-	1,984,669	*	9,860,122	-	9,750,559	
Payments on behalf of suppliers		(729,244)		(324,140)		(1,149,019)		(2,202,403)		(1,842,114)	
Payments on behalf of employees		(387,335)		(6,531,142)		(562,906)		(7,481,383)		(8,107,098)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating											
activities		693,165	_	(727,584)	_	278,250		243,831	_	(151,167)	
Noncapital Financing Activities											
Transfers from other funds				352,512		-		352,512		1,752,831	
Net cash provided by noncapital											
financing activities				352,512	_			352,512		1,752,831	
Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Interest payments		(27,263)		-		-		(27,263)		49,930	
Purchases of property and equipment		(688,957)		-		(111,855)		(800,812)		(550,879)	
Net cash used in capital and		(71 (220)				(111.055)		(939, 075)		(500.040)	
related financing activities		(716,220)				(111,855)	_	(828,075)	_	(500,949)	
Investing Activities											
Proceeds from sale/maturity of investments		3,398,021		2,597,407		2,851,336		8,846,764		3,004,861	
Purchase of investments		(3,866,379)		(3,001,968)		(3,101,246)		(9,969,593)		(6,497,707)	
Interest received on investments		73,171		59,957	_	54,456	_	187,584	_	2,637,150	
Net cash (used in)											
investing activities		(395,187)		(344,604)		(195,454)	_	(935,245)	_	(855,696)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(418,242)		(719,676)		(29,059)		(1,166,977)		245,019	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		468,608	_	1,678,375	_	366,325		2,513,308	_	2,268,289	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	50,366	\$	958,699	\$	337,266	\$	1,346,331	\$	2,513,308	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash											
Operating income (loss)	\$	197,307	\$	(427,242)	\$	49,403	\$	(180,532)	\$	(1,410,403)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)											
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities											
Depreciation and amortization		464,557		-		255,816		720,373		794,800	
Change in assets and deferred outflows: Other receivables		(5,336)						(5,336)		(9,724)	
Due from other funds		(3,330)		-		-		(3,330)		112,046	
Inventory of supplies		(685)		_		_		(685)		3,498	
Deferred pension outflows		77,084		_		123,484		200,568		(183,543)	
Deferred OPEB outflows		(430)		-		(432)		(862)		(20,348)	
Change in liabilities and deferred inflows:											
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		82,279	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		16,815		(300,342)		(62,567)		(346,094)		175,315	
Net pension liability		(100,307)		-		(158,086)		(258,393)		366,506	
Net OPEB liability		(44,576)		-		(54,042)		(98,618)		24,090	
Deferred pension inflows Deferred OPEB inflows		46,265 42,471		-		73,841 50,833		120,106 93,304		(87,610) 1,927	
				(707.504)	_		£		-		
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	693,165	\$	(727,584)	\$	278,250	\$	243,831	\$	(151,167)	







Table Descriptions

This part of the City of Hurst's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	88-92
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	93-100
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	101-109
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	106-107
Operating Information	108-110

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended

	 2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 123,412,159	\$ 121,727,955	\$ 121,033,272	\$ 117,648,033
Restricted	19,722,460	19,694,881	18,778,425	25,403,597
Unrestricted	 28,479,875	 31,841,636	 31,971,587	 28,731,273
Total governmental activities				
net position	\$ 171,614,494	\$ 173,264,472	\$ 171,783,284	\$ 171,782,903
Business-type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 27,468,477	\$ 27,973,330	\$ 32,065,030	\$ 32,606,567
Restricted	5,823,608	7,231,573	8,680,903	10,031,203
Unrestricted	 9,724,120	 10,649,487	 7,565,755	 6,500,430
Total business-type activities				
net position	\$ 43,016,205	\$ 45,854,390	\$ 48,311,688	\$ 49,138,200
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 150,880,636	\$ 149,701,285	\$ 153,098,302	\$ 150,254,600
Restricted	25,546,068	26,926,454	27,459,328	35,434,800
Unrestricted	 38,203,995	 42,491,123	 39,537,342	 35,231,703
Total primary government				
net position	\$ 214,630,699	\$ 219,118,862	\$ 220,094,972	\$ 220,921,103

Notes: Beginning amounts for 2018 were restated as per GASB 75.

Table A-1

Fiscal Year Ended

	riscal real Linea												
	2015		2016		2017		2018 (a)		2019		2020		
\$	120,518,416	\$	116,996,558	\$	114,347,361	\$	113,020,392	\$	111,980,392	\$	109,339,694		
	21,707,954 23,104,601		24,767,252 16,858,946		16,117,137 23,931,997		16,581,980 9,991,473		15,961,153 7,530,751		19,240,287 7,676,690		
¢	165,330,971	\$	158,622,756	\$	154,396,495	\$	139,593,845	\$	135,472,296	\$	136,256,671		
Ф	103,330,971	Ф	138,022,730	Φ	134,390,493	Φ	139,393,643	Ф	133,472,290		130,230,071		
\$	33,786,264 11,358,914	\$	36,190,346 12,911,394	\$	38,973,677	\$	40,834,276	\$	41,683,200	\$	42,263,651		
	3,816,191		468,067		12,949,090		10,738,394		10,025,806		10,367,091		
\$	48,961,369	\$	49,569,807	\$	51,922,767	\$	51,572,670	\$	51,709,006	\$	52,630,742		
	10,5 0 1,0 05		,,		,,		,-,-,-,-		2 2,7 02,000		5_,55 5,7 1_		
\$	154,304,680 33,066,868 26,920,792	\$	153,186,904 37,678,646 17,327,013	\$	153,321,038 16,117,137 36,881,087	\$	153,854,668 16,581,980 20,729,867	\$	153,663,592 15,961,153 17,556,557	\$	151,603,345 19,240,287 18,043,781		
\$	214,292,340	\$	208,192,563	\$	206,319,262	\$	191,166,515	\$	187,181,302	\$	188,887,413		

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fisca	al Yea	r		
		2011		2012		2013		2014
_								
Expenses								
Governmental activities	\$	4,526,058	\$	3,126,927	\$	4,230,124	\$	4,337,097
General government	Ф	20,844,894	Ф	20,466,809	Ф		Ф	
Public safety						21,410,618		21,306,312
Culture and recreation		10,236,270		10,304,959		10,890,525		10,845,533
Public works		5,044,657		4,592,603		4,873,864		4,655,157
Interest expense	-	2,051,488		1,707,178		2,099,507	-	1,980,775
Total governmental								
activities expenses		42,703,367		40,198,476		43,504,638		43,124,874
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer		17,391,811		17,502,966		18,163,625		18,757,469
Stormwater management services		602,273		610,975		653,428		730,385
Conference and meeting center		1,611,672		1,850,420		2,118,967		2,024,417
Total business-type								
activities expenses		19,605,756		19,964,361		20,936,020		21,512,271
Total primary								
government expenses	\$	62,309,123	\$	60,162,837	\$	64,440,658	\$	64,637,145
Governmental activities Charges for services General government Public safety Culture and recreation	\$	39,950 3,195,869 1,261,039	\$	11,140 2,877,874 1,226,934	\$	14,015 3,520,712 1,151,018	\$	14,900 3,150,918 1,144,472
Public works		596,443		629,575		655,304		657,700
Operating grants and contributions		1,532,532		1,550,145		844,446		669,691
Capital grants and contributions		728,462		435,849		78,548		78,875
Total governmental								
activities program revenues		7,354,295		6,731,517		6,264,043		5,716,556
Business-type activities Charges for services								
Water and sewer services		20,380,121		19,232,852		19,814,150		19,031,909
Stormwater management services		1,093,535		1,076,413		1,081,300		1,086,935
Conference and meeting center		1,300,577		1,675,759		2,031,709		2,003,045
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions						616,666		114,148
Total business-type activities program revenues		22,774,233		21,985,024		23,543,825		22,236,037
Total primary government								
program revenues	\$	30,128,528	\$	28,716,541	\$	29,807,868	\$	27,952,593

Table A-2

	Fiscal Year												
_	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		
\$	5,256,773	\$	8,168,344	\$	5,503,950	\$	8,330,340	\$	8,148,665	\$	6,919,302		
	23,039,603		24,614,274		26,946,144		25,445,464		27,277,634		25,752,945		
	11,142,994		12,112,717		12,554,825		12,836,977		12,386,690		10,637,396		
	4,756,586 2,146,970		5,174,276 2,328,484		4,928,786 1,888,355		3,869,464 2,042,840		5,085,774 1,711,724		4,929,958 1,135,394		
	2,140,970		2,328,484		1,000,333		2,042,840	-	1,/11,/24		1,133,394		
	46,342,926		52,398,095		51,822,060		52,525,085		54,610,487		49,374,995		
	19,752,412		20,384,872		20,000,660		20 542 607		21 942 277		21 415 506		
	689,554		879,123		20,090,660 1,015,099		20,542,607 936,108		21,842,377 950,588		21,415,506 911,776		
	2,004,236		2,362,568		2,654,063		2,777,085		3,608,240		2,151,646		
	22,446,202		23,626,563		23,759,822		24,255,800		26,401,205		24,478,928		
	22,440,202		23,020,303		23,737,622		24,233,600		20,401,203		24,470,720		
\$	68,789,128	\$	76,024,658	\$	75,581,882	\$	76,780,885	\$	81,011,692	\$	73,853,923		
\$	22,670	\$	18,470	\$	19,165	\$	135,242	\$	159,535	\$	131,383		
	3,278,888		3,551,541		3,229,547		2,894,515		2,597,631		2,024,041		
	1,004,909		1,156,952		1,244,593		1,256,034		1,290,885		492,827		
	630,248 738,969		682,420 862,969		780,953 1,613,979		802,568 1,960,737		1,058,007 1,504,425		790,736 3,270,198		
	28,803		218,830		265,990		111,051		116,567		-		
	5,704,487		6,491,182		7,154,227		7,160,147		6,727,050		6,709,185		
	3,704,407		0,471,102		7,134,227		7,100,147		0,727,030		0,707,103		
	19,609,118		19,892,629		21,183,069		22,394,948		21,229,151		21,779,611		
	1,094,476		1,098,287		1,375,194		1,104,982		1,137,792		1,102,664		
	1,927,152		2,553,445		2,811,704		3,147,745		3,269,784		1,804,763		
	-		44,622		10,931		5,947		-		-		
	680,309		693,753		811,985		179,560		629,288		466,764		
	23,311,055		24,282,736		26,192,883		26,833,182		26,266,015		25,153,802		
\$	29,015,542	\$	30,773,918	\$	33,347,110	\$	33,993,329	\$	32,993,065	\$	31,862,987		

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

				Fisca	l Ye	ar		
		2011		2012		2013		2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(35,349,072)	\$	(33,466,959)	\$	(37,240,595)	\$	(37,408,318)
Business-type activities		3,168,477		2,020,663		2,607,805		723,766
Total primary government net expense	\$	(32,180,595)	\$	(31,446,296)	_\$_	(34,632,790)	\$	(36,684,552)
General Revenues and Other Changes								
in Net Position Governmental activities								
Taxes								
Property taxes, penalty and interest	\$	12,533,019	\$	12,393,133	\$	13,191,743	\$	13,545,880
Sales taxes	Ψ	18,130,410	Ψ	18,502,765	Ψ	18,419,603	Ψ	19,376,108
Franchise taxes		3,127,482		2,965,411		2,953,568		3,088,049
Occupancy taxes		550,589		589,551		593,921		565,970
Interest		632,620		417,154		396,545		318,888
Miscellaneous		657,629		800,643		784,102		513,042
Transfers		257,503		(512,570)		38,331		<u> </u>
Total governmental activities	\$	35,889,252	\$	35,156,087	\$	36,377,813	\$	37,407,937
Business-type activities								
Interest	\$	183,569	\$	141,843	\$	117,280	\$	102,566
Miscellaneous		169,481		123,959		-		-
Transfers		(257,503)		512,570		(38,331)		
Total business-type activities		95,547		778,372		78,949		102,566
Total primary government	\$	35,984,799	\$	35,934,459	\$	36,456,762	\$	37,510,503
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$	540,180	\$	1,689,128	\$	(862,782)	\$	(381)
Business-type activities		3,264,024		2,799,035		2,686,754		826,332
Total primary government		3,804,204	\$	4,488,163	\$	1,823,972	\$	825,951

Table A-2

		Fis	cal Y	ear		
2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
\$ (40,638,439) 864,853 (39,773,586)	\$ (45,906,913) 656,173 (45,250,740)	\$ (44,667,833) 2,433,061 (42,234,772)	\$	(45,364,938) 2,577,382 (42,787,556)	\$ (47,883,437) (135,190) (48,018,627)	\$ (42,665,810) 674,874 (41,990,936)
\$ 14,087,316 20,716,458 3,038,771 646,284 275,954 1,172,033 76,667	\$ 13,982,919 20,685,644 2,967,123 716,281 385,477 280,870 180,384	\$ 14,814,146 20,043,791 2,961,774 705,786 430,170 1,251,454 234,451	\$	15,383,521 20,935,157 2,975,917 768,618 799,902 1,245,930 225,000	\$ 16,292,473 20,661,292 2,935,945 905,677 1,539,049 1,189,108 238,344	\$ 18,389,781 19,777,236 2,669,328 660,845 1,160,273 692,722 100,000
\$ 40,013,483	\$ 39,198,698	\$ 40,441,572	\$	42,334,045	\$ 43,761,888	\$ 43,450,185
\$ 104,120 - (76,667)	\$ 132,649 - (180,384)	\$ 154,350 - (234,451)	\$	249,592 - (225,000)	\$ 509,870 - (238,344)	\$ 346,862 - (100,000)
27,453	(47,735)	(80,101)		24,592	271,526	246,862
\$ 40,040,936	\$ 39,150,963	\$ 40,361,471	\$	42,358,637	\$ 44,033,414	\$ 43,697,047
\$ (624,956) 892,306	\$ (6,708,215) 608,438	\$ (4,226,261) 2,352,960		(3,030,893) 2,601,974	 (4,121,549) 136,336	 784,375 921,736
\$ 267,350	\$ (6,099,777)	\$ (1,873,301)	\$	(428,919)	\$ (3,985,213)	\$ 1,706,111

Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
		2011		2012		2013		2014		
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	1,803	\$	1,883	\$	1,883	\$	1,883		
Restricted		1,259,818		1,601,639		1,637,359		1,854,120		
Committed		380,220		335,771		255,713		198,349		
Assigned		664,696		653,976		519,597		560,867		
Unassigned	_	7,073,761		7,452,789		7,616,609		8,389,715		
Total general fund	\$	9,380,298	\$	10,046,058	\$	10,031,161	\$	11,004,934		
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$	237,712	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_		
Restricted		18,462,642		34,575,812		28,314,389		24,936,284		
Committed		-		-		-		-		
Assigned		17,475,636		19,607,928		21,302,952		22,228,199		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	36,175,990	\$	54,183,740	\$	49,617,341	\$	47,164,483		

Table A-3

2015	2016 2017			2018	2019	2020		
\$ 1,883 2,344,861	\$ 1,883 3,104,302	\$	1,883 4,086,043	\$ 2,401 5,446,104	\$ 1,883 5,083,249	\$	1,881 5,844,743	
305,069 586,595 9,049,255	 365,042 581,219 9,172,096		568,555 9,162,496	 18,254 8,989,839	 23,575 9,702,437		29,620 9,584,839	
\$ 12,287,663	\$ 13,224,542	\$	13,818,977	\$ 14,456,598	\$ 14,811,144	\$	15,461,083	
\$ 19,363,093	\$ 21,662,950	\$	- 14,851,969	\$ 14,292,760	\$ 23,756,410	\$	21,575,718	
 18,697,454	 17,066,513		18,295,467	 18,887,440	 17,682,803		19,946,306	
\$ 38,060,547	\$ 38,729,463	\$	33,147,436	\$ 33,180,200	\$ 41,439,213	\$	41,522,024	

Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year						
	2011	2012	2013	2014				
Revenues								
Taxes (see table A-5)	\$ 34,332,945	\$ 34,492,773	\$ 35,218,498	\$ 36,605,578				
Licenses/permits	640,068	664,545	713,052	725,334				
Support from governmental entities	2,241,677	1,977,424	921,963	745,240				
Charges for services	1,927,918	1,836,085	2,003,246	1,893,181				
Fines and fees	2,224,380	2,460,599	2,631,489	2,520,998				
Interest	475,670	495,265	384,411	261,494				
Miscellaneous	593,525	1,239,389	583,476	507,367				
Total revenues	42,436,183	43,166,080	42,456,135	43,259,192				
Expenditures								
General government	3,010,139	2,205,316	2,164,066	2,315,113				
Public safety	19,690,902	19,206,211	19,999,125	20,214,409				
Culture and recreation	8,329,136	8,346,440	8,685,188	8,434,981				
Public works	1,656,102	1,513,196	1,753,187	1,540,946				
Capital outlay	7,622,738	4,253,081	8,128,080	14,132,822				
Debt service								
Principal	2,711,122	3,112,129	3,218,161	3,327,924				
Interest	1,833,400	1,857,766	2,162,350	2,089,622				
Total expenditures	44,853,539	40,494,139	46,110,157	52,055,817				
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(2,417,356)	2,671,941	(3,654,022)	(8,796,625)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Capital lease	-	-	-	-				
Proceeds from borrowing	-	15,565,000	-	7,355,000				
Proceeds from refunding	6,465,000	1,810,000	-	5,705,000				
Premium on bond issuance	214,911	1,355,339	-	603,685				
Payments to escrow agent	(7,573,039)	(1,996,858)	-	(5,984,367)				
Transfers in	4,514,611	4,382,005	4,118,286	4,084,294				
Transfers out	(4,654,181)	(5,113,917)	(5,045,560)	(4,446,072)				
Total other financing	// naa - con		(0.2. a.					
sources (uses)	(1,032,698)	16,001,569	(927,274)	7,317,540				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,450,054)	\$ 18,673,510	\$ (4,581,296)	\$ (1,479,085)				
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	13.90%	15.89%	16.50%	16.67%				

Table A-4

2020

\$ 38,494,929	\$ 38,414,972	\$ 38,900,450	\$	40,069,713	\$ 40,797,443	\$ 41,476,811
707,089	782,782	878,517		825,525	1,091,085	811,270
767,772	874,576	1,613,979		1,960,737	1,504,425	3,270,198
1,699,806	2,035,396	2,065,177		2,126,300	2,319,048	1,527,628
2,405,478	2,448,040	2,436,813		2,516,568	1,498,576	1,120,244
218,049	313,953	412,492		774,577	1,290,490	975,831
 1,068,886	543,025	 1,195,603		1,056,666	 1,081,968	 619,891
	_					
45,362,009	45,412,744	 47,503,031		49,330,086	 49,583,035	 49,801,873
2,976,887	3,268,525	3,664,549		3,472,880	4,380,033	4,722,080
20,798,447	21,506,049	23,618,438		23,423,951	23,808,440	23,035,269
8,436,777	9,344,037	9,950,204		10,078,424	9,893,956	8,100,441
1,754,088	2,095,586	2,109,784		2,036,102	2,317,724	2,371,726
15,866,943	6,787,480	8,313,541		4,132,380	3,762,850	5,706,338
,,-	2,, 2,, 122	0,000,000		.,,	-,,,	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
3,459,807	3,134,902	3,466,724		3,428,872	3,065,000	3,400,000
2,206,311	2,287,885	2,119,020		1,961,100	1,855,604	2,055,757
 55,499,260	48,424,464	 53,242,260	_	48,533,709	49,083,607	49,391,611
(10,137,251)	(3,011,720)	(5,739,229)		796,377	499,428	410,262
(10,137,231)	(3,011,720)	(3,739,229)		790,377	499,428	410,202
490,105						
2,625,000	4,905,000	1,180,000		-	9,175,000	575,000
3,235,000	11,240,000	1,500,000		-	9,173,000	373,000
574,285	1,931,800	1,300,000		-	453,618	-
(3,505,346)	(12,517,062)	(1,478,363)		-	433,018	-
3,475,606	3,414,597	3,395,882		3,790,919	3,552,517	4,588,565
3,473,000	3,414,39/	3,393,002		3,790,919	3,332,317	+,500,505

(3,845,882)

751,637

14.20%

\$ (4,987,592)

(3,916,911)

(125,992)

670,385

13.82%

(5,067,004)

8,114,131

8,613,559

12.18%

(4,841,077)

322,488

732,750

14.27%

Fiscal Year

2018

2019

2017

2015

(4,578,606)

2,316,044

16.68%

\$ (7,821,207)

(4,356,820)

4,617,515

14.97%

\$ 1,605,795

2016

Tax Revenues by Source Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table A-5

Fiscal Year	Property	Sales/ Occupancy	Mixed Beverage	Franchise	Total	
2011	\$ 12,524,464	\$ 18.572.224	\$ 108,775	\$ 3,127,482	\$ 34,332,945	
2012	12,435,046	18,996,433	95,883	2,965,411	34,492,773	
2013	13,251,406	18,921,380	92,144	2,953,568	35,218,498	
2014	13,575,451	19,823,691	118,387	3,088,049	36,605,578	
2015	14,093,416	21,219,368	143,374	3,038,771	38,494,929	
2016	14,045,924	21,262,957	138,968	2,967,123	38,414,972	
2017	15,189,099	20,613,996	135,581	2,961,774	38,900,450	
2018	16,158,639	20,598,410	148,603	2,975,917	39,881,569	
2019	17,200,207	20,505,778	155,513	2,935,945	40,797,443	
2020	19,051,715	19,651,638	125,599	2,669,327	41,498,278	

Appraised Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Table B-1

Fiscal Year Ended 30-Sep	Residential Property								 mmercial roperty	 dustrial roperty	Α	ppraised Value	k-Exempt Property	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	\$	1,576,336	\$ 932,584	\$ 32,531	\$	2,541,451	\$ 242,157	\$ 0.578						
2012		1,572,194	932,314	31,484		2,535,992	244,648	0.578						
2013		1,581,124	947,359	42,682		2,571,165	248,574	0.608						
2014		1,607,262	988,250	36,291		2,631,803	246,939	0.608						
2015		1,685,063	1,034,091	40,550		2,759,704	251,249	0.606						
2016		1,587,424	975,963	34,254		2,597,641	238,300	0.611						
2017		1,745,042	1,144,598	37,283		2,926,923	298,859	0.588						
2018		1,867,873	1,249,125	44,304		3,161,302	368,576	0.581						
2019		2,116,580	1,360,984	43,893		3,521,457	324,355	0.580						
2020		2,333,240	1,461,170	51,466		3,845,876	298,320	0.597						

Source: Tarrant County Appraisal District. **Note:** Assessed value is 100% of actual value.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Table B-2

		City Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates ^a						
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	General Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	HEB School District	Tarrant County	Hospital	Tarrant County College			
2011	0.445284	0.132716	0.578	1.28819	0.26400	0.22790	0.13764			
2012	0.445369	0.132631	0.578	1.41400	0.26400	0.22790	0.14897			
2013	0.445369	0.163128	0.608	1.40750	0.26400	0.22790	0.14897			
2014	0.445369	0.163128	0.608	1.38750	0.26400	0.22790	0.14950			
2015	0.460829	0.145171	0.606	1.37500	0.26400	0.22790	0.14950			
2016	0.474277	0.136284	0.611	1.35000	0.26400	0.22790	0.14950			
2017	0.461648	0.126252	0.588	1.31600	0.25400	0.22790	0.14473			
2018	0.465042	0.115898	0.581	1.26300	0.24400	0.22443	0.14006			
2019	0.471551	0.108449	0.580	1.27300	0.23400	0.22443	0.13607			
2020	0.478236	0.119063	0.597	1.22000	0.23400	0.22443	0.13017			

Source: Tarrant County Appraisal District.

Notes: The City's basic property tax rate must be set according to the State of Texas' Truth-in-Taxation and other applicable laws. Truth-in-Taxation requires a No-New-Revenue and Voter-Approval tax rate calculation to be performed and under certain conditions the rates must be published locally. If the City Council proposes a tax rate above the Voter-Approval rate (the No-New Revenue M&O rate times 1.035 plus the Debt Service rate plus the three year rolling sum of the difference between the City's adopted rate and the Voter-Approval rate), then the City must hold an election to approve the proposed rate. Rates for debt service are not subject to election and are set based on each year's requirements. The State of Texas does limit the City's overall tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 valuation while the City's Charter limits the overall tax rate to \$1.50 per \$100 valuation.

^a Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Hurst. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Hurst property owners. In fact, some City of Hurst property owners pay taxes to the Birdville or Grapevine-Colleyville Independent School Districts. HEB ISD is shown above as the vast majority of Hurst residents reside within HEB ISD's boundaries.

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table B-3

		2011		2020				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		
Melvin Simon & Associates Inc.	\$ 159,848,893	1	7.37%	\$ 147,854,810	1	4.42%		
Shops at Northeast Mall LLC				62,988,466	2	1.88%		
Westdale Hills 2013 LP				52,132,365	3	1.56%		
Cookscreek 255 LLC				31,780,000	4	0.95%		
Valley Oaks Apartments				24,926,705	5	0.75%		
Wal-Mart Real Estate Bus Trust	24,789,770	2	1.14%	24,124,936	6	0.72%		
Mayfair Station LLC	16,855,809	5	0.78%	23,816,115	7	0.71%		
Kelly-Moore Paint Co. Inc.	16,698,415	6	0.77%	22,499,552	8	0.67%		
Cooks Childrens Medical Center				17,865,248	9	0.53%		
Heritage Village Senior Living				17,000,000	10	0.51%		
Dillard's Properties Inc./Dillard Texas	23,989,087	3	1.11%	-		0.00%		
Macy's Tx I LP/Macy's Retail	17,794,557	4	0.82%	-		0.00%		
Somerset Village Partners LP	16,647,380	7	0.77%	-		0.00%		
Oncor Electric Delivery	15,872,651	8	0.73%	-		0.00%		
Hurst City Apartment Partners Ltd.	15,000,000	9	0.69%	-		0.00%		
Kroger Market Street Village	14,398,282	. 10	0.66%		-	0.00%		
Total	\$ 321,894,844		14.85%	\$ 424,988,197	=	12.71%		

Source: Tarrant Appraisal District

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table B-4

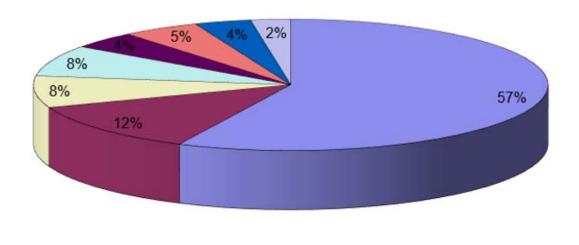
Fiscal Year	Year Taxes Levied	axes Levied	Collected Fiscal Year				Total Col	lections		
Ended Sept 30,	for the , Fiscal Year				Amount	Percentage of Levy	Delinquent Collections		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	\$	12,515,487	\$ 12,376,485	98.9%	\$ 68,729	\$	12,445,214	99.4%		
2012		12,355,434	12,248,093	99.1%	91,490		12,339,583	99.9%		
2013		13,169,789	13,098,911	99.5%	69,952		13,168,863	100.0%		
2014		13,492,137	13,408,082	99.4%	75,382		13,483,464	99.9%		
2015		14,059,530	13,953,040	99.2%	61,963		14,015,003	99.7%		
2016		14,079,556	13,951,219	99.1%	11,772		13,962,991	99.2%		
2017		15,052,747	14,831,734	98.5%	199,103		15,030,837	99.9%		
2018		16,103,519	15,993,536	99.3%	133,422		16,126,959	100.1%		
2019		17,258,532	17,049,741	98.8%	51,611		17,101,353	99.1%		
2020		19,058,554	18,921,015	99.3%	17,966		18,938,981	99.4%		

Source: Tarrant County tax assessor and collector.

Sales Tax Sources by NAICS Code September 30, 2020

Table B-5

SALES TAX SOURCES



■Retail Trade - \$11,493,884

□Other - \$1,567,276

■Utilities - \$846,812

Construction - \$713,099

■Accommodation and Food Services - \$2,471,429

□Information - \$1,546,271

■Manufacturing - \$984,988

■Wholesale Trade - \$505,123

Note: Information provided based on NAICS categories as reported by the State Comptroller. State law prohibits reporting of sales tax information associated with individual taxpayers.

Note: Other category includes Agriculture, Mining, Transportation, Finance, Real Estate, Professional, Management, Administrative and Support, Educational, Health Care, Arts and Public Administration services.

Sales Tax Rate & Sales Tax Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table B-6

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Sales Tax Revenue General Fund	Sales Tax Sharing General Fund	Net Sales Tax Revenue General Fund	Net Sales Tax Revenue ACHCST Fund	Sales Tax Revenue CSHCST Fund	Sales Tax Sharing CSHCST Fund	Net Sales Tax Revenue CSHCST Fund
2011	\$ 9,548,273	\$ 676,706	\$ 8,871,567	\$ 4,714,199	\$ 4,774,222	\$ 338,353	\$ 4,435,869
2012	9,734,599	703,694	9,030,905	4,860,403	4,867,421	351,847	4,515,574
2013	9,713,270	726,364	8,986,906	4,839,025	4,864,710	363,182	4,501,528
2014	10,086,852	605,778	9,481,074	5,028,717	5,050,819	302,889	4,747,930
2015	10,756,525	630,372	10,126,153	5,358,521	5,387,596	315,186	5,072,410
2016	10,823,317	759,423	10,063,894	5,438,519	5,423,974	379,711	5,044,262
2017	10,521,878	768,090	9,753,788	5,225,540	5,261,090	332,210	4,928,880
2018	10,611,912	859,187	9,752,725	5,290,203	5,306,115	331,107	4,975,008
2019	10,552,862	882,832	9,670,030	5,250,689	5,276,599	335,916	4,940,682
2020	10,128,793	726,473	9,402,320	4,921,887	5,064,575	248,236	4,816,339
1.00%	Local Sales Tax, E	ffective July 1, 1993					
0.50%	Community Service	es Half-Cent Sales	Γax, Effective July 1,	1993			
0.50%	Anti-Crime Half-Co	ent Sales Tax, Effec	tive January 1, 1996				
2.00%	Total Local Sales	Tax Rate					

Note: ACHCST refers to the Anti-Crime Half-Cent Sales Tax Fund. CSHCST refers to the Community Services Half-Cent Sales Tax Fund

Note on Sales Tax Sharing: In August 1996, the City entered into agreements with Southeastern Simon, Inc. under Chapter 380, Texas Local Government Code, to promote new and expanded economic development. Per these agreements, the City will share a portion of the sales tax generated by such new and expanded business with Southeastern Simon, Inc. for a stipulated period of time. Sales tax sharing for the North East Mall expansion project began in fiscal year 2003 and covers a maximum of 20 years. Sales tax sharing for the Shops at North East Mall began in fiscal year 2002 and concluded in fiscal year 2009.

Principal Water Customers September 30, 2020

Table B-7

	Consumption (1,000 Gallons)	,	Water Amount	Sewer Amount	1	otal Bill
Westdale Asset Mgr.	72,478	\$	608,283	\$ 377,850	\$	986,133
City of Hurst	47,858		353,944	52,833		406,778
Brookwind Ltd.	34,046		270,850	186,668		457,518
Bell Helicopter	31,132		222,370	-		222,370
Wellesley Park Apts	17,403		147,007	107,248		254,255
Tarrant County College	16,372		117,454	37,363		154,817
Valley Oaks Apartments, LLC	14,419		141,349	120,490		261,838
T. S. Asset Calloway	13,553		121,668	97,882		219,550
Barrington Crossing Apartments	12,990		99,679	77,965		177,644
Whispering Run Apartments	11,309		96,067	72,431		168,498
		•	• 1=0 5=5			2 200 402
Total	271,560	\$	2,178,670	\$ 1,130,730	\$	3,309,400

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(principal only; dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Table C-1

			Governme	ntal Ad	tivities				Bus	siness	type Activi	ties				
Fiscal Year	Ob	eneral oligation Sonds	Lease ligation		rtificates of oligation	Re	Sales Tax evenue sonds	Re	Vater venue onds		tificates of ligation	Ge Obl	enue & eneral ligation unding	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income "	Per apita ~
2011	\$	13,210	\$ 2,165	\$	23,095	\$	2,875	\$	-	\$	11,460	\$	6,490	\$ 59,295	3.11%	\$ 1,530
2012		29,320	1,822		20,300		2,225		-		9,535		6,930	70,132	6.76%	1,877
2013		29,404	1,544		19,584		1,555		-		9,013		6,360	67,460	6.01%	1,714
2014		30,455	1,256		24,116		1,020		-		6,781		7,392	71,020	6.27%	1,788
2015		27,945	1,325		24,425		680		-		6,030		7,440	67,845	6.23%	1,770
2016		37,735	896		16,860		445		-		4,515		7,455	67,906	6.19%	1,769
2017		37,415	454		15,660		205		-		1,925		8,860	64,519	5.63%	1,680
2018		35,785	-		14,415		105		-		2,965		7,780	61,050	5.28%	1,589
2019		40,890	-		15,525		-		-		2,670		6,760	65,845	5.66%	1,710
2020		42,095	-		15,155		-		-		2,360		6,248	65,585	5.03%	1,588

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Percentage of Personal Income is calculated using Total Primary Government divided by personal income.

Per Capita is calculated using Total Primary Government divided by population.

^b See Table D-1 for personal income and population data.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Value Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

(principal only; dollars in thousands, except per capita)

Table C-2

		General	Bonde	d Debt Out	stanc	ding						
Fiscal Year	Ob	eneral ligation 3onds		tificates bligation		Total	ss Debt rice Fund	E	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Appraised Value ^a of Property	C	Per capita ^b
2011	\$	13,210	\$	14,959	\$	28,169	\$ 496	\$	27,673	0.98%	\$	669
2012		29,320		11,230		40,550	449		40,101	0.94%		641
2013		29,320		20,300		49,620	1,182		48,438	1.93%		1,252
2014		30,455		23,840		54,295	1,146		53,149	1.86%		1,277
2015		27,945		24,425		52,370	1,084		51,286	2.03%		1,338
2016		37,735		16,860		54,595	997		53,598	1.86%		1,397
2017		37,415		15,660		53,075	1,048		52,027	2.06%		1,355
2018		35,785		14,415		50,200	1,373		48,827	1.54%		1,271
2019		40,890		15,525		56,415	1,171		55,244	1.57%		1,435
2020		42,095		15,155		57,250	1,135		56,115	1.36%		1,348

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. This schedule includes General Bonded Debt Outstanding for Governmental Activities Only.

^a See Table B-1 for property value data.

^b Population data can be found in Table D-1.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2020

(dollars in thousands)

Table C-3

Governmental Unit	let Debt tstanding		Estimated Percentage Applicable ^a	S	stimated Share of rect and erlapping Debt
Direct					
City of Hurst	\$ 56,115		100%	\$	52,455
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes					
Hurst-Euless-Bedford Independent School District	364,720	*	13.65%		49,784
Birdville Independent School District	440,975	*	10.86%		47,890
Grapevine/Colleyville Independent School District	399,400	*	0.64%		2,556
Tarrant County	240,445	*	1.71%		4,112
Tarrant County College District	264,175	*	1.71%		4,517
Tarrant County Hospital District	16,135	*	1.71%		276
Keller Independent School District	992,714	*	0.23%		2,283
Subtotal, overlapping debt					111,418
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	163,874 b

^a Source: Texas Municipal Reports

^b Gross Debt Outstanding

Legal Debt Margin Information

Table C-4

The City of Hurst does not have a legal debt limit prescribed by state law. However, Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution applicable to cities of more than 5,000 population limits the ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation, for cities operating under a Home Rule Charter. The City's Charter provides that general property taxes are limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds.

The City's tax margin for the year ended September 30, 2020, was:

Maximum rate per \$100 valuation under Article XI	\$ 2.500000
City of Hurst's 2019-20 rate	0.597299
Margin	\$ 1.902701

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	 Gross	(Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt S	ervice		
Year	Revenue	I	Expenses	Revenue	Pri	ncipal	Inte	rest	Coverage
2011	\$ 20,557,055	\$	17,385,994	\$ 3,171,061	\$	_	\$	-	0.00%
2012	19,365,425		17,463,816	1,901,609		-		-	0.00%
2013	19,922,694		18,004,763	1,917,931		-		-	0.00%
2014	19,125,902		18,556,729	569,173		-		-	0.00%
2015	19,686,799		19,483,803	202,996		-		-	0.00%
2016	20,145,243		20,259,538	(114,295)		-		-	0.00%
2017	21,349,781		20,027,047	1,322,734		-		-	0.00%
2018	22,628,247		20,466,468	2,161,779		-		-	0.00%
2019	21,229,151		21,286,679	(57,528)		-		-	0.00%
2020	21,779,612		20,373,220	1,406,392		-		-	0.00%

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization expenses.

^a Sales tax revenue bonds are backed by the sales tax revenue produced by the Half-Cent Community Services Development Corporation (HCCSDC).

^b Excludes one-time, pay-as-you-go capital project costs.

Table C-5

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds ^a

HCCSDC Sales Tax	C	Less: Operating	Net Available		Debt S	Service	e		
Revenue	E	cpenses ^b	Revenue	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Coverage	
\$ 4,435,869	\$	2,522,416	\$ 1,913,453	\$	630,000	\$	17,291	2.96	%
4,515,574		2,448,519	2,067,055		650,000		69,000	2.87	%
4,501,528		2,467,786	2,033,742		670,000		53,400	2.81	%
4,747,930		2,409,652	2,338,278		535,000		37,320	4.09	%
5,072,410		2,525,601	2,546,809		340,000		24,480	6.99	%
5,044,263		3,028,990	2,015,273		235,000		16,320	8.02	%
4,928,877		3,401,889	1,526,988		240,000		10,680	6.09	%
4,975,008		3,347,995	1,627,013		100,000		4,840	15.52	%
4,940,683		3,651,778	1,288,905		105,000		1,260	12.13	%
4,816,339		2,548,896	2,267,443		_		_	_	

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Table D-1

			C	Per Capita		Education		
Calendar Year	Population	ersonal ncome		ersonal ncome	Median Age	Level in Years of Schooling	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2011	37,330	\$ 1,050,205	\$	28,133	38.2	13.5	6,756	7.6%
2012	37,360	1,036,516		27,744	38.8	13.5	6,265	6.0%
2013	38,194	1,088,987		28,512	38.8	13.5	6,521	5.8%
2014	38,280	1,091,439		28,512	38.8	13.5	6,636	4.9%
2015	38,340	1,089,354		28,413	37.9	13.2	6,707	3.8%
2016	38,380	1,097,054		28,584	38.3	13.2	6,897	4.1%
2017	38,410	1,145,770		29,830	38.4	13.2	6,930	3.5%
2018	38,410	1,156,256		30,103	38.3	13.3	7,036	3.4%
2019	38,510	1,162,771		30,194	37.2	13.4	6,729	4.9%
2020	38,910	1,227,649		31,551	37.0	13.6	7,022	6.5%

Sources: Population provided by the North Central Texas Council of Governments Regional Data Center. Median age, education level and personal income data provided by the US Census Bureau. Unemployment data provided by the Texas Workforce Commission. School enrollment data provided by the Texas Education Agency.

Note: Personal income is in thousands.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table D-2

		2011		2020				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment		
Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc.	4.000	1	21.77%	3,800	1	19.87%		
North East Mall (Collective employment	,			-,				
of stores other than major employers listed)	1,659	2	9.03%	1,706	2	8.92%		
Shops at Northeast Mall (Outside)	750	3	4.08%	800	3	4.18%		
HEB ISD				735	4	3.84%		
Tarrant County College	479	5	2.61%	575	5	3.01%		
Walmart Supercenter	575	4	3.13%	479	6	2.50%		
City of Hurst	338	7	1.84%	404	7	2.11%		
Dillard's Department Store	400	6	2.18%	338	8	1.77%		
Macy's	231	8	1.26%	231	9	1.21%		
J.C. Penney Company	210	10	1.14%	225	10	1.18%		
Target Superstore	225	9	1.22%					
Total	8,867		48.27%	9,293		48.59%		

Source: City Economic Development Division/City Records.

Full-time Equivalents City Government Employees By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Function/Program 2012 2014 2015 2011 2013 **General Government** 7.0 7.0 8.5 8.5 8.7 Management services Finance 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 3.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 Planning Building 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 26.5 38.2 Other 25.0 23.5 26.5 **Conference Center** 30.0 21.3 **Police** Officers 74.0 74.0 73.0 72.0 75.0 Civilians 51.3 51.3 52.5 48.5 54.5 Fire Firefighters and officers 56.0 55.0 60.0 60.0 56.0 Civilians 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.9 Other Public Works Engineering 10.5 7.5 9.0 9.0 8.7 Other 25.8 22.0 22.0 22.0 19.6 44.5 Parks and Recreation 66.3 52.0 44.5 67.2 31.0 Library 30.0 28.5 28.5 27.5 Water 29.8 26.5 26.0 26.0 23.7 Wastewater 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 Total 401.2 378.3 379.0 404.0 430.3

Source: Human Resources & Budget Offices.

Table E-1

Fiscal Year						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0		
9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0		
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0		
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
42.0	36.5	34.2	35.1	34.0		
24.2	24.2	21.7	21.7	21.7		
75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0		
49.5	48.5	48.5	48.5	56.5		
56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0		
1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5		
9.2	9.2	9.2	9.0	9.0		
19.8	23.9	23.9	23.9	24.6		
69.2	66.1	70.2	72.9	49.5		
26.7	26.7	28.3	28.3	23.5		
23.5	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0		
9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
429.7	421.7	422.5	425.9	404.4		

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Function/Program 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 **General Government** Building permits issued Commercial Number issued 134 156 165 136 111 Estimated cost \$15,979,899 20,436,524 53,890,287 14,761,218 34,515,346 Residential Number is sued 121 92 141 144 128 Estimated cost \$2,212,308 2,310,930 \$ 3,994,351 4,787,971 3,111,349 **Public Safety** Police Physical arrests 3.353 3,250 3,088 2,857 2,897 Parking violations 469 186 197 Traffic violations 17,602 16,311 14,161 17,894 15,996 Fire/Emergency Medical Services 4,503 4,735 4,597 4,468 4,702 Emergency responses Patients transported 2,023 2,281 2,209 2,170 2,040 Fires extinguished 171 118 106 91 86 Average Response Time: 4:47 5:03 4:36 5:11 5:01 Fire **EMS** 4:45 4:45 4:43 5:06 5:03 Inspections 988 1,463 1,545 1,412 847 **Public Works** 8 9 5 8 Street resurfacing (miles) 17.8 Potholes repaired (sq. yards) 65,000 52,000 43,000 26,000 11,537 **Culture and Recreation** Parks and recreation Athletic field reservations issued 129 184 120 88 92 290,380 Recreation center admissions 341,228 342,961 368,034 296,719 Library Volumes in collection 143,544 150,197 160,844 161,608 142,851 Total volumes borrowed 387,486 428,484 444,705 434,205 405,826 Water and Sewer Water customer billings at 9/30 12,240 12,155 11,526 12,237 12,226 Water main breaks 36 38 38 56 84 Average daily consumption (millions of gallons) 5.92 5.63 5.65 5.16 4.96

Sources: Various city departments.

^a As of September 30, 2019, this amount represents square footage as the City can no longer request valuation on residential property. Data is not available for fiscal year 2020 due to a software migration.

Table E-2

					Fiscal Year				
	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
•	123		136	•	132	Φ.	145		95
\$	35,918,137	\$	24,515,873	\$	14,936,691	\$	48,862,248	\$	29,666,561
	191		158		124		98		102
\$	4,831,284	\$	3,514,922	\$	5,161,297		83,202.43 (a	1)	- (a)
*	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*	2,22 1,2 ==	•	-,,,		00,202.10 (-)	(-)
	2,592		2,607		2,351		1,901		1,493
	152		168		148		93		96
	15,327		14,942		13,581		10,590		6,592
	4,811		4,873		4,996		4,867		4,911
	2,267		2,216		2,065		2,131		2,136
	112		100		122		85		88
	5:06		4:35		5:07		5:01		5:25
	4:28		4:59		5:09		5:36		5:07
	579		300		1,584		1,651		600
	7		7		6		7		6
	12,200		6,612		4,540		2,317		2,539
	,		-,		,,-		_,, ,		_,,,,,
	97		<i>(</i> 0		51		55		17
	201.061		60		51		55		17
	281,861		270,356		240,979		236,039		128,271
	145,474		142,751		135,659		124,157		120,707
	378,417		348,932		416,395		411,691		242,686
	12,257		12,327		12,193		12,385		12,896
	40		27		41		39		39
	4.90		5.02		5.23		4.88		4.96

Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended 2011 2012 2015 Function/Program 2013 2014 **Police** 1 1 1 1 1 Stations Store fronts 2 2 2 2 3 29 27 Patrol units 26 30 30 Fire Stations 3 3 3 3 3 Other Public Works Streets (miles) 146 146 146 146 146 Traffic signals 41 55 41 41 55 Parks and Recreation Acreage 280 280 280 280 290 Playgrounds 16 16 16 16 16 Family aquatic centers 2 2 2 2 2 Water Water mains (miles) 211.00 202.50 204.00 199.00 201.11 Fire hydrants 1,268 1,196 1,268 1,205 1,233 Storage capacity (millions of gallons) 8.90 8.90 8.30 8.00 9.40 Wastewater Sanitary sewers (miles) 156.00 155.00 156.00 154.20 153.06 86.00 86.00 88.95 Storm sewers (miles) 86.00 86.00

Sources: Various city departments.

Table E-3

Fiscal Year Ended						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
1	1	1	1	1		
2	2	2	2	2		
26	28	28	28	28		
3	3	3	3	3		
148	148	148	148	148		
56	56	56	56	56		
280	280	280	280	280		
16	16	16	16	16		
2	2	2	2	2		
204.00	205.00	205	205	205		
1,226	1,235	1,240	1,330	1,339		
9.40	9.40	9.4	9.4	9.4		
154.50	154.50	154.84	155.00	155.00		
86.00	86.00	86.00	86.00	86.00		

