#### The Rights of Crime Victims

As defined in Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, Article 56, Subchapter A, Crime Victims' Rights, a victim of a violent crime is someone who: (1) has suffered personal injury or death as a result of criminally injurious conduct, or who has been the victim of a crime involving sexual assault, kidnapping, or aggravated robbery; (2) is the close relative (spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child) or (3) is the guardian of a victim. As a victim of violent crime, you have the following rights:

- The right to receive from law enforcement agencies adequate protection from harm and threats of harm arising from cooperation with prosecution efforts.
- The right to have the magistrate take your safety and that of your family into consideration when bail is being considered.
- The right, if you so request, to be informed of relevant court proceedings and of those court proceedings that have been canceled or rescheduled prior to the event and to be informed of appellate proceedings.
- If you so request, the right to information about procedures in the criminal investigation of your case by law enforcement officials and about general procedures in the criminal justice system, including plea bargaining, restitution, appeals, and parole, from the prosecutors office.
- The right to provide information to a probation department conducting a pre-sentence investigation on the impact of the crime.
- The right to receive information about the Texas Crime Victims' Compensation Fund that provides financial assistance to victims of violent crimes and, payment for a medical examination for a victim of sexual assault and on request, referral to available social service agencies that may provide additional help.
- The right to be informed, upon request, of parole procedures, to participate in the parole process, to be notified, if requested, of parole proceedings concerning the defendant in the victim's case, to provide to the Board of Pardons and Paroles for inclusion in the defendant's file information to be considered by the board prior to the parole of any defendant convicted of any violent crime, and if requested, to be notified of the defendant's release.

- The right to a separate and secure waiting area before and during court proceedings.
- The right to prompt return of any property that is no longer required as evidence.
- If you so request, the right to have the prosecutor notify your employer that the need for your testimony may involve your absence from work.
- The right to counseling, on request, regarding AIDS, and HIV infection and testing for AIDS and HIV related infections, if the offense is a sexual offense.
- The right to request victim-offender mediation coordinated by the Victim Services Division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice.
- The right to complete a Victim Impact Statement, detailing the emotional, physical and financial impact that the crime has had on you and your family and to have that statement considered by the judge prior to sentencing and/or entry of a plea bargain and by the parole board prior to taking any parole action.
- The right to a forensic medical examination if the sexual assault is reported to law enforcement agency within 96 hours of the assault

A victim, guardian of a victim, or close relative of a deceased victim is entitled to the right to be present at all public court proceedings related to the offense, subject to the approval of the judge in the case.

#### Victims Assistance Services

The Victim Assistance Program exists to provide assistance to crime victims and their families. Services provided include:

- Crisis counseling/short-term counseling
- Criminal justice support
  - criminal justice system information
  - referral to assigned detective
  - status of case information
- Information and referral to local social service providers
- Notification and assistance in filing for Crime Victims' Compensation
- Assistance with evidence return
- Personal advocacy
- Training to law enforcement, community groups and other agencies

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Alcoholics Anonymous .....

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	Harris Methodist Hospital HEB	817/685-4000
i	Baylor Grapevine Hospital	817/481-1588
	John Peter Smith Hospital	817/921-3431
	Harris Methodist Hospital FW	817/882-3333
	Cook Children's Hospital	682/885-4000

#### RESOURCES

817/332-3533

Alcoholics Anonymous	
Alliance for Children	
Area Agency on Aging	
All Church Home for Children	
Battered Women's Foundation	
Catholic Charities	. 817/282-6646
Child Support Enforcement	. 817/884-1475
Family Matters Counseling (24 hrs.)	
HEB Transit	
Information and Referral	
Lawyer Referral Services	
Legal Aid of Northwest Texas	
Mental Health/Mental Retardation	. 817/335-3022
Mission Central	
Mosiac Family Svcs. (Multi-Cultural).	
N.E.E.D	. 817/280-0286
Parenting Center	817/332-6348
Tarrant County District Attorney	
Felony Cases	. 817-884-1400
Misdemeanor Family Violence	. 817-884-3535
Protective Orders	. 817/884-1623
Victim Assistance	. 817/884-2740
Women's Center of Tarrant County	
Rape Crisis	. 817/927-2737
Victim Services	. 817/927-4039
Safe Haven	
Toll Free	. 877/701-7233
FW Emergency Shelter	. 817/535-6464
ARL Emergency Shelter	. 817/460-5566
FW Counseling Center	
ARL Resource Center	. 817/548-0583
Child/Senior Abuse Hotline	. 800/252-5400
Crime Victims Compensation	
Domestic Violence Hotline	
Family Violence Legal Line	
General Legal Line	
Runaway Hotline	
VINE (toll free notification)	
Suicide and Crisis Center	
Texas Youth Hotline	
TDJC Victim Services	

# An Assistance Program for Crime Victims and Their Families

### **Hurst - Euless - Bedford**







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Report Number

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# NOTICE TO ADULT VICTIMS OF FAMILY VIOLENCE

Family violence means the intentional use or threat of physical force by a member of a family or household against another member of the family or household. Family includes individuals related by blood or marriage and household means a unit composed of persons living together in the same dwelling, whether or not they are related. Dating violence means an act by an individual against another with whom the individual has or has had a dating relationship (a continuing relationship of a romantic or intimate nature) that is a threat of or is intended to result in bodily injury, assault or sexual assault.

It is a crime for any person to cause you any physical injury or harm even if that person is a member or former member of your family or household.

Please tell the investigating peace officer if you, your child, or any other household resident has been injured; or if you feel you are going to be in danger when the officer leaves.

#### You have the right to:

ASK the local prosecutor to file a criminal complaint against the person committing family violence; and

APPLY to a court for an order to protect you (you should consult a legal aid office, a prosecuting attorney, or a private attorney). If a family or household member assaults you and is arrested, you may request that a Magistrate's Order for Emergency Protection be issued. Please inform the investigating officer if you want an Order for Emergency Protection. You need not be present when the Order is issued. You cannot be charged a fee by a court in connection with filing, serving, or entering any type of Protective Order. For example, the court can enter an order that:

- 1. the abuser not commit further acts of violence;
- 2. the abuser not threaten, harass, or contact you at home:
- 3. directs the abuser to leave your household; and/or
- establishes temporary custody of the children and directs the abuser not to interfere with the children or any property.

A violation of certain provisions of court related protection (such as 1 and 2 above) may be a felony.

## What is a Magistrate's Order for Emergency Protection?

If the abuser is arrested, at the time of arraignment, the magistrate may grant an Order of Emergency Protection. The Order may contain items 1-4 above, is good for 31 to 91 days and supersedes any other court order that may be in place. It will be mandatory that an Order be issued if there is serious bodily injury or if a weapon is used during the assault. Law enforcement can enforce a violation of this Order.

#### What is a Protective Order?

A Protective Order is issued by a family court and may contain items 1-4 stated earlier. You may obtain a Protective Order by filing an application with the District Attorney's office in the county in which you reside. If you are in the process of a divorce, your private attorney must assist you in filing for a Protective Order. The Protective Order may be good for up to two years and can supersede any other court orders currently in place. Law enforcement can enforce a violation of this Order.

A Protective Order can deter violence and provide law enforcement and courts additional authority to intervene in family violence cases but it is not a shield that truly stops the next violent act from occurring.

The procedure for obtaining a Protective Order from the District Attorney (of the county in which you reside) is as follows:

#### Tarrant County:

District Attorney Protective Order Unit 200 East Weatherford, 3rd floor Ft. Worth, Texas 76196 817-884-1623 www.tarrantda.com

#### Process:

Call the District Attorney's office before you go
Appear in Person (M-F, 8:00-4:30)
Fill out questionnaire and talk to an Assistant District
Attorney (2-3 hours)
Temporary Ex Parte Order issued
(not law enforcement enforceable)
Court will be scheduled within 14 calendar days to get the
Protective Order

#### There is no fee to the applicant.

Must bring:

Valid ID

Address of person Order is against Copy of divorce decree (if applicable)

#### What is a Temporary Ex Parte Order?

A Temporary Ex Parte Order is issued at the time an application for a Protective Order is completed. This Order may contain items 1-4 as stated earlier and is good for 20 days.

#### What is a Restraining Order?

A Restraining Order is a civil order issued against a non-family member to prevent a person from engaging in certain behaviors, i.e. having contact with the complainant, going to certain places, etc. The Restraining Order is valid for the period specified on the Order and is <u>not</u> enforceable by police officers.

Are you blamed for the abuse you experience? Does your partner promise the abuse will never happen again, BUT it continues? Do you feel lonely with the secret of abuse?

Most violent relationships become more dangerous and more violent over time, not less violent. If you feel you are in danger, please contact one of the resources listed in this pamphlet for further information about your options. No one deserves to be hurt.

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If you require immediate medical treatment, the 911 operator will arrange emergency medical treatment or transportation, by ambulance, to the nearest receiving hospital.

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All costs for transportation and medical treatment are the responsibility of the victim. You may be eligible for reimbursement of costs by applying for Crime Victims' Compensation

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If you are a victim of sexual assault, The Women's Center, 1723 Hemphill, Ft. Worth, Texas 76110, 817/927-2737, offers services including crisis intervention, individual and group counseling, support for significant others, support and accompaniment through the criminal justice process and education and prevention programs.

All medical examinations of sexual assault victims will be provided at no cost to the victim.

#### Contact Information

You may call the law enforcement agency's phone number for the status of the case and information about victims' rights.

Hurst Police Department Victims Assistance 817-788-7197 Family Services Coordinator 817-788-7343

Euless Police Department Victims Assistance 817-685-1537

Bedford Police Department Victims Assistance 817-952-2439

Tarrant County District Attorney Victims Assistance 817-884-2740

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#### Crime Victims' Compensation

Crime Victims' Compensation is a division of the Attorney General's Office. The program reimburses innocent victims of violent crime for some out-of-pocket expenses they suffer as a result of the crime.

Crime Victims' Compensation is available to pay the amount of expense reasonably and necessarily incurred for:

- Medical, counseling, prescription and rehabilitative services
- Partial loss of earnings because of a disability resulting from personal injury
- Child care for minor children to enable a victim or spouse of a deceased victim to continue employment
- Funeral and burial expenses
- Reasonable costs associated with crime scene cleanup
- Reasonable replacement costs for clothing, bedding, or other property taken as evidence or rendered unusable as a result of the criminal investigation
- Loss of wages and travel reimbursement due to participation in, or attendance at, the investigation, prosecutorial and judicial process
- Relocation expenses for victims of family violence and certain victims of sexual assault.

# Reimbursement for property damage or loss is not an eligible expense.

In order to qualify for Crime Victims' Compensation:

- The crime must be reported within a reasonable period of time that does not impede the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- A claim must be filed within three years unless good cause can be shown as to why the claim was not filed.
- 3. The victim must cooperate with law enforcement and prosecution efforts.
- 4. The victim must be the innocent victim of a violent crime who suffers personal injury.

Crime Victims' Compensation is the "payer of last resort".

The Victim Assistance Program of the H-E-B Police Departments will assist you in applying for benefits from Crime Victims' Compensation. Upon request, we will provide you with the claim form, will send the claim form and required documentation to CVC, and notify service providers that a claim has been applied for and the status. Please allow us to assist you in obtaining these benefits if you feel you may qualify.